

AGILE and the Supernova Remnants

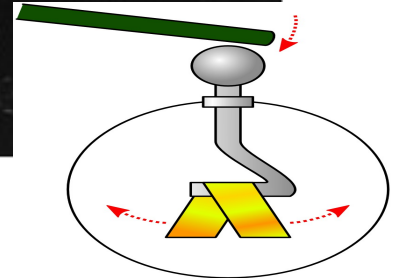
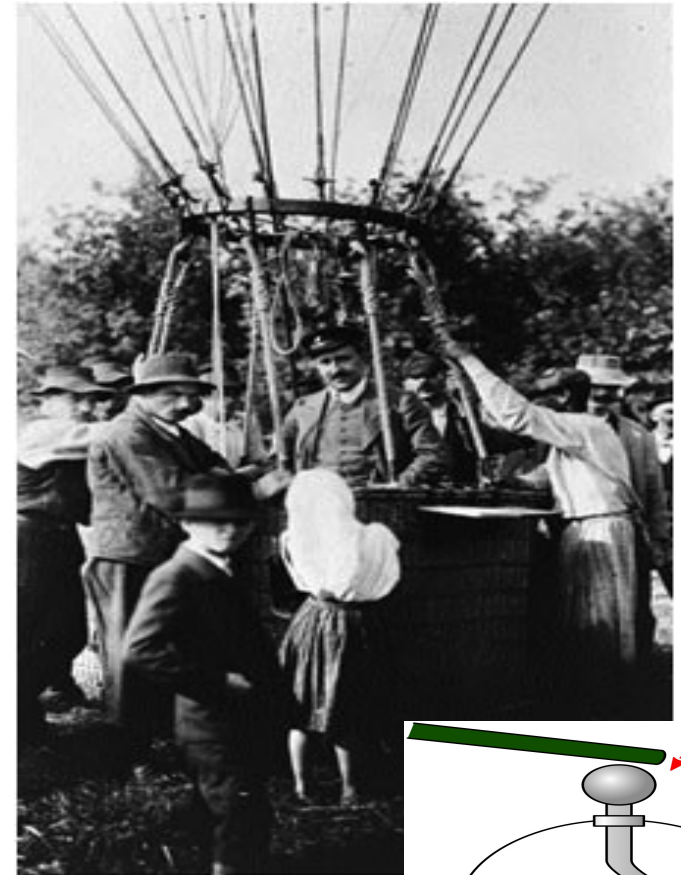
A. Giuliani
IASF Milano

Outline of the talk

- What we know after AGILE and Fermi
- Open questions
- AGILE SNRs

One century in one slide

1912 : Discovery of CRs

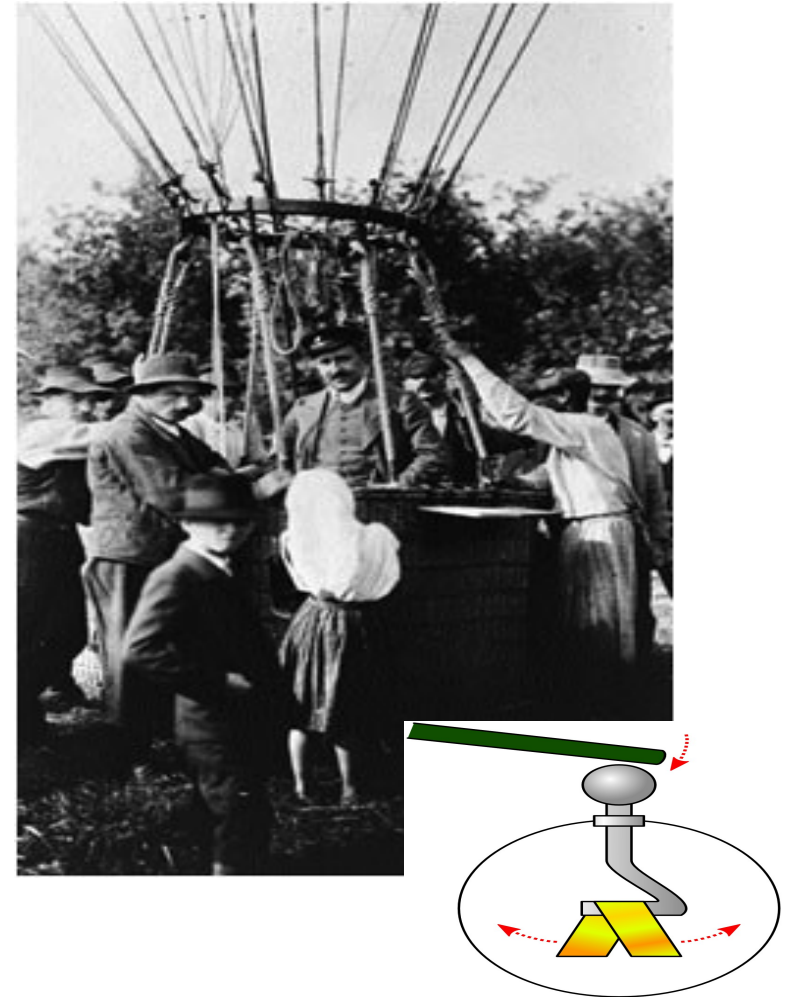


One century in one slide

1912 : Discovery of CRs

60s : SNR proposed as sources of the Galactic CRs

- Energy budget (Ginzburg e Syrovatskii 1964)
- Radio obs. of relativistic electrons



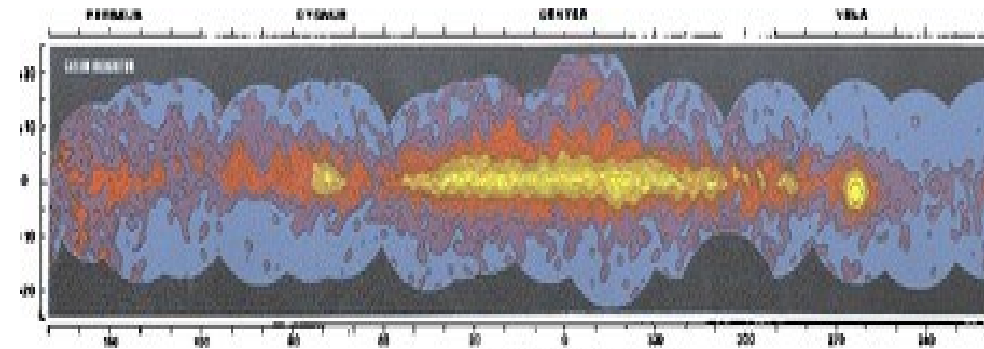
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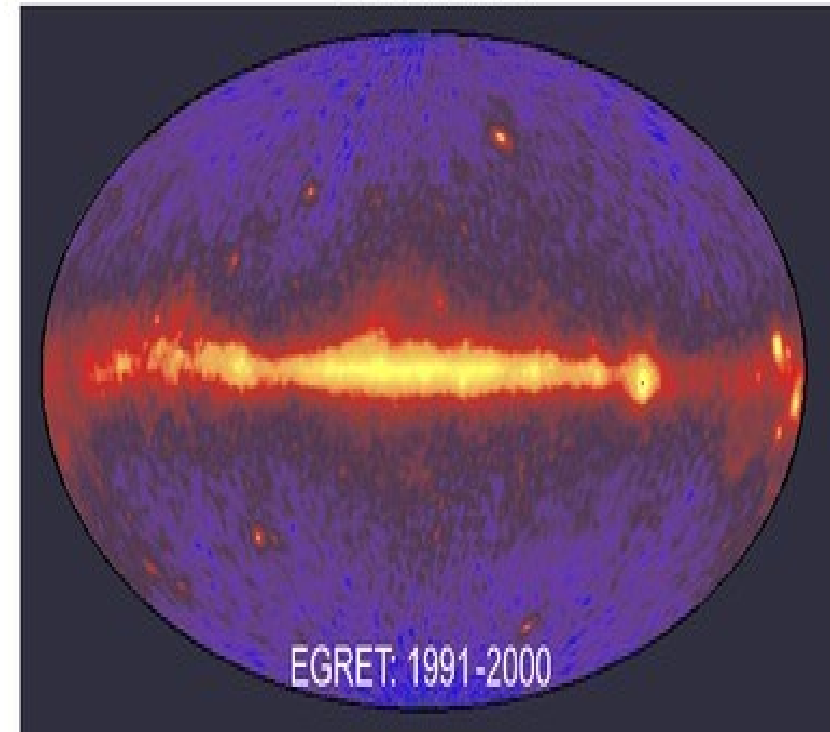
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70s : First Gamma-rays satellites



COS-B: 1975-82



EGRET: 1991-2000

One century in one slide

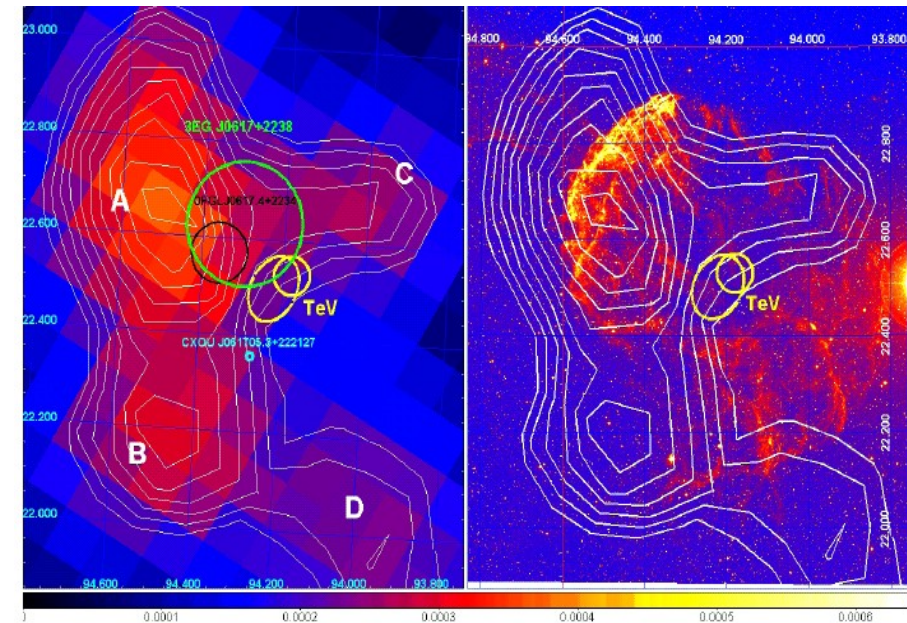
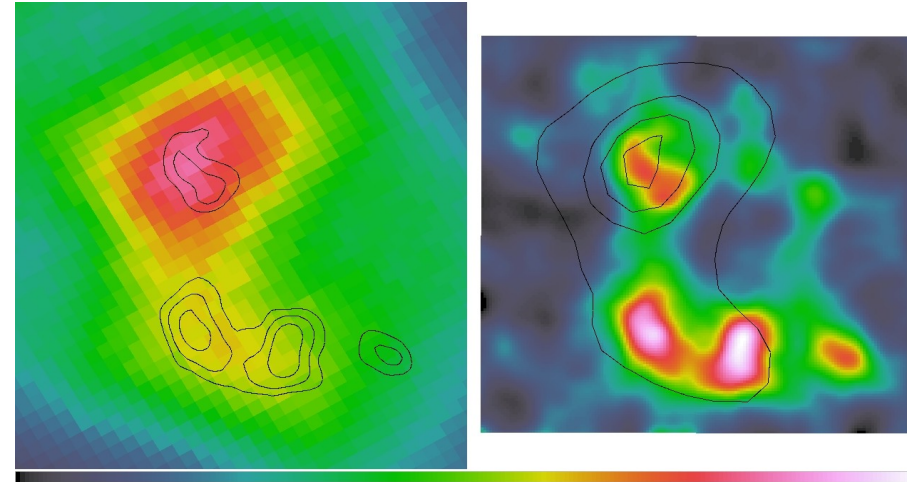
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00s : Clear identification of gamma-rays signals from SNRs



One century in one slide

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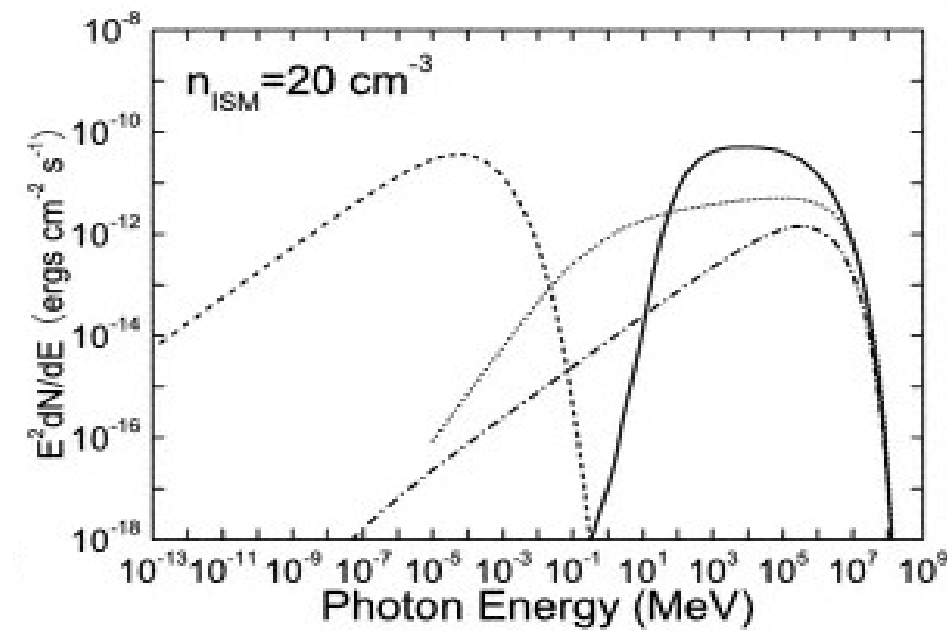
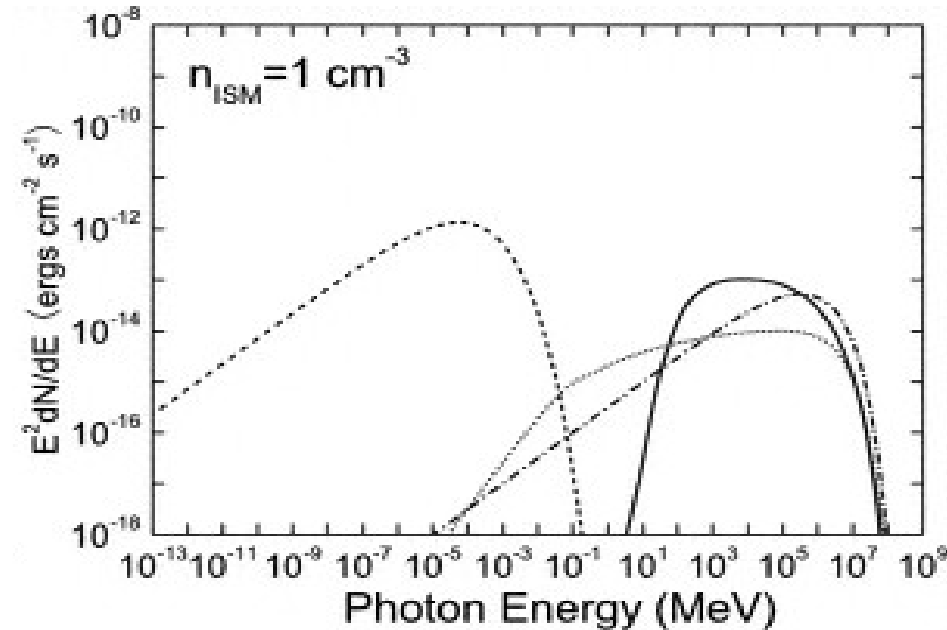
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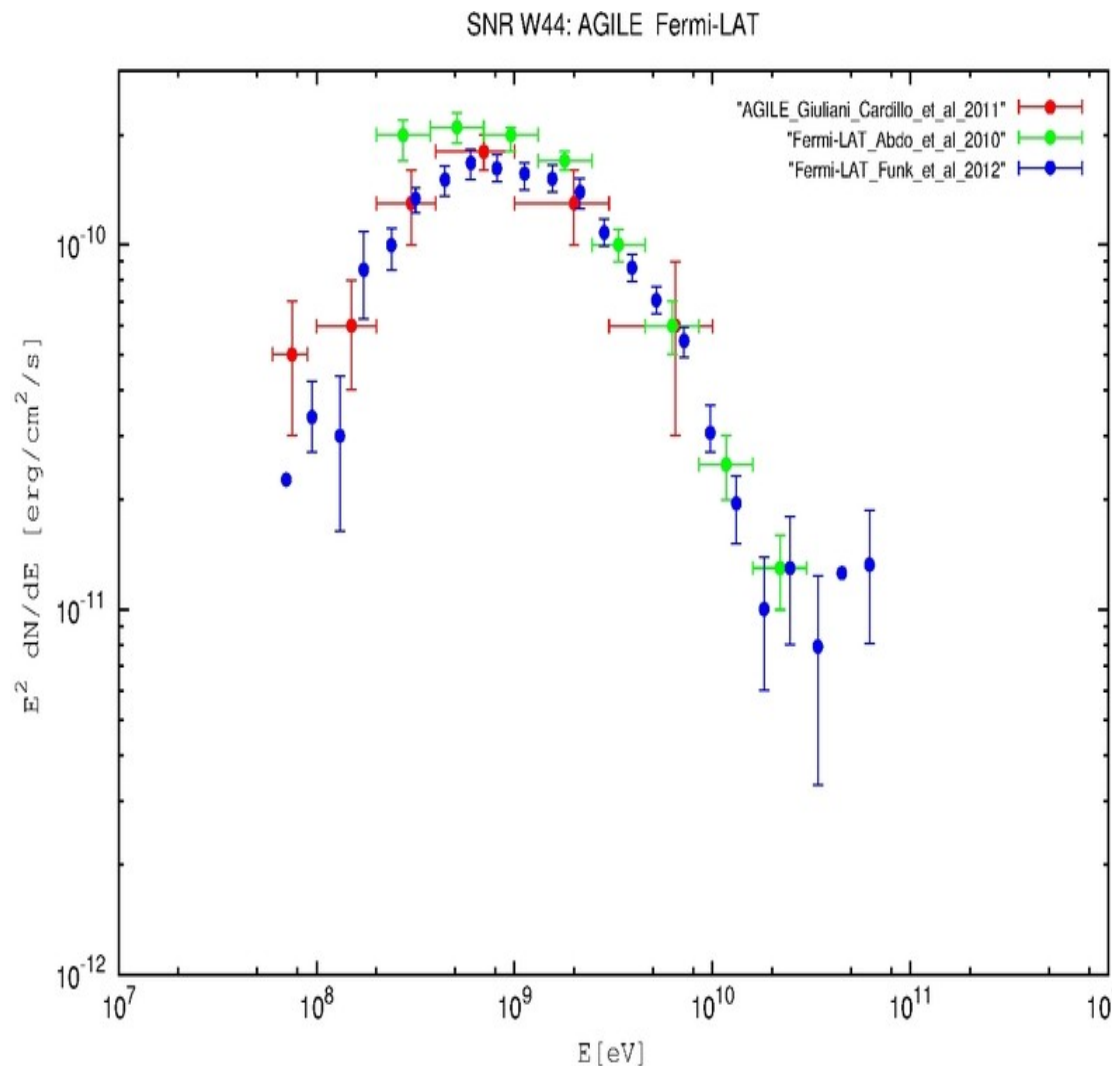
10s : Clear identification of emission from π^0 decay



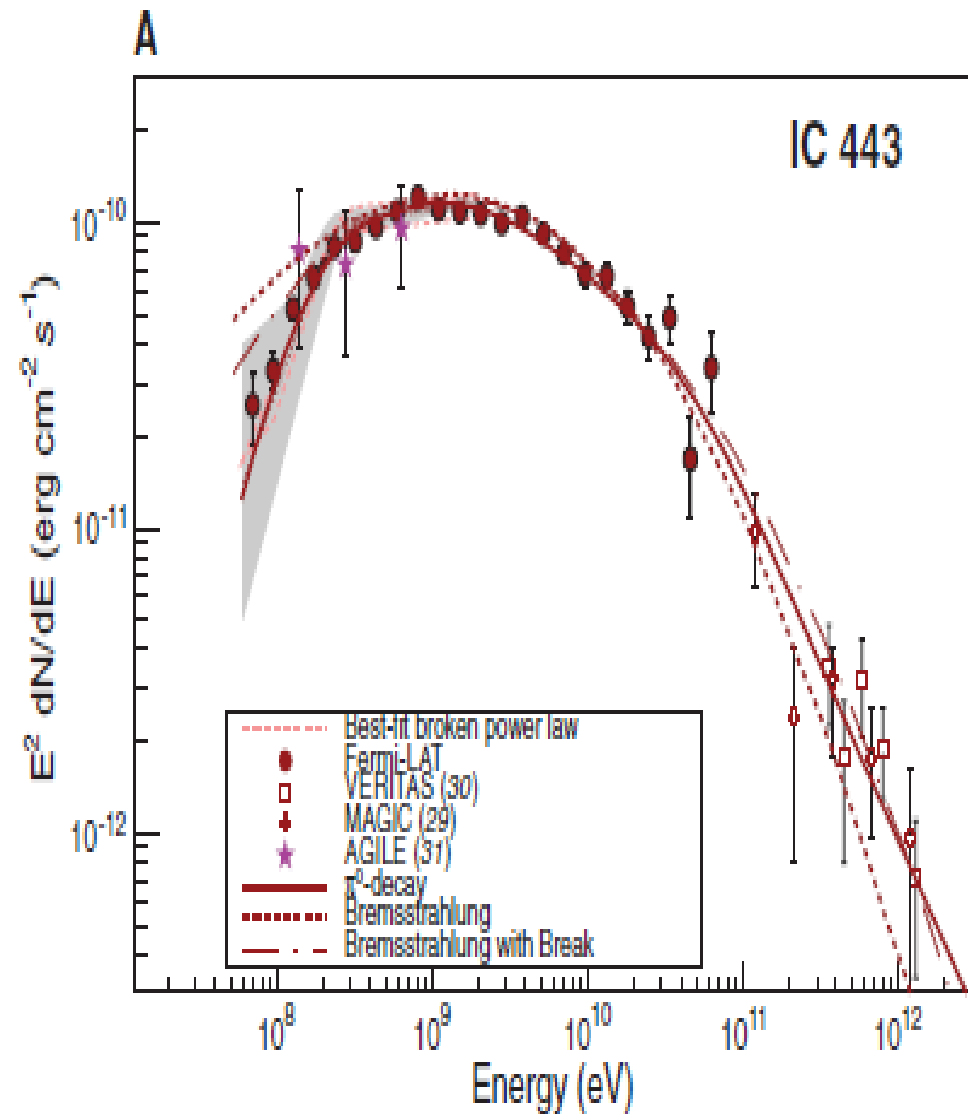
What we know after Agile and Fermi

- Protons emission dominates in (at least) few SNRs
- Few classes of SNRs

Protons !

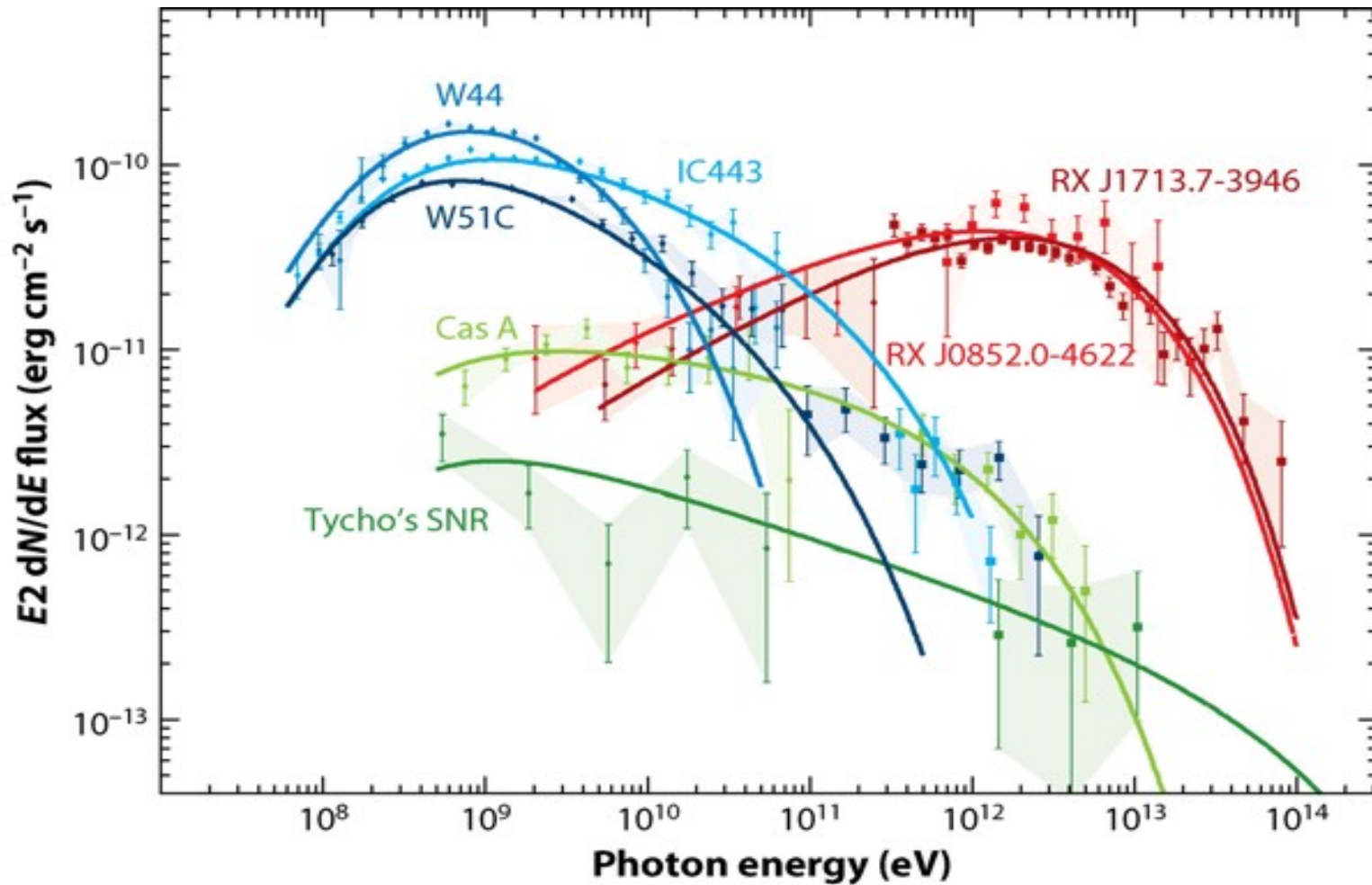


Giuliani,Cardillo et al. 2011
Cardillo et al. 2014



Ackermann et al.
(2013)

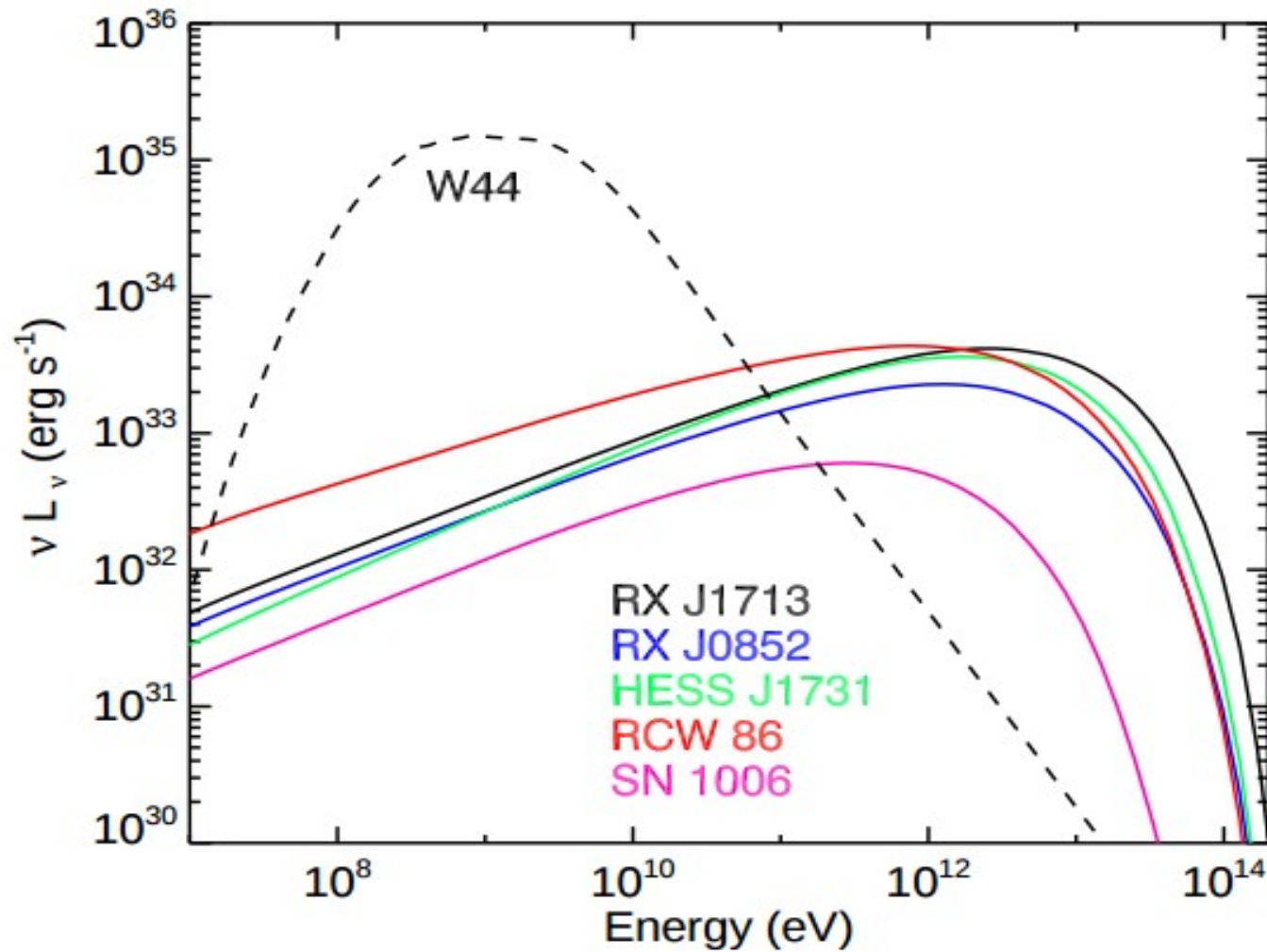
2(3?) SNR classes



Funk S. 2015.

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2(3?) SNR classes



Open Questions

- Hadronic / Leptonic contributions (for both classes)
- Spectral shapes
- Pevatrons ?

AGILE SNRs

Middle-aged and interacting with GMCs

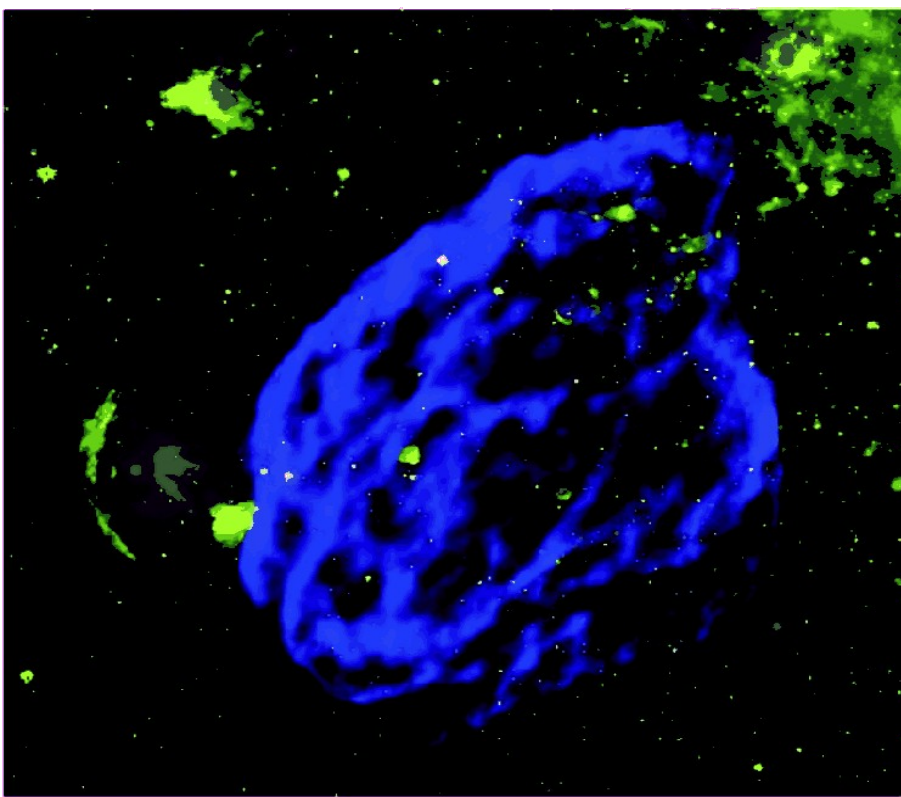
	Age	dist	GeV	TeV (C.u.)	1 GHz (Jy)	
W44	20000	3.0	115	-----	230	(Giuliani et al, 11, Cardillo et al 14)
IC443	30000	1.5	50	0.03	160	(Tavani et al, 10)
W28	40000	2.0	40	0.38	310	(Giuliani et al, 10)
W51C	20000	6.0	66	0.003	160	(<i>in prep.</i>)
W49B	2000	8.0	10	0.005	38	(<i>in prep.</i>)
W30	16000	4.0	30	0.2	23	(<i>in prep.</i>)

SNR W44

Age : ~ 20000 yr

Distance : ~ 3 Kpc

Type : mixed-morphology



SNR W44

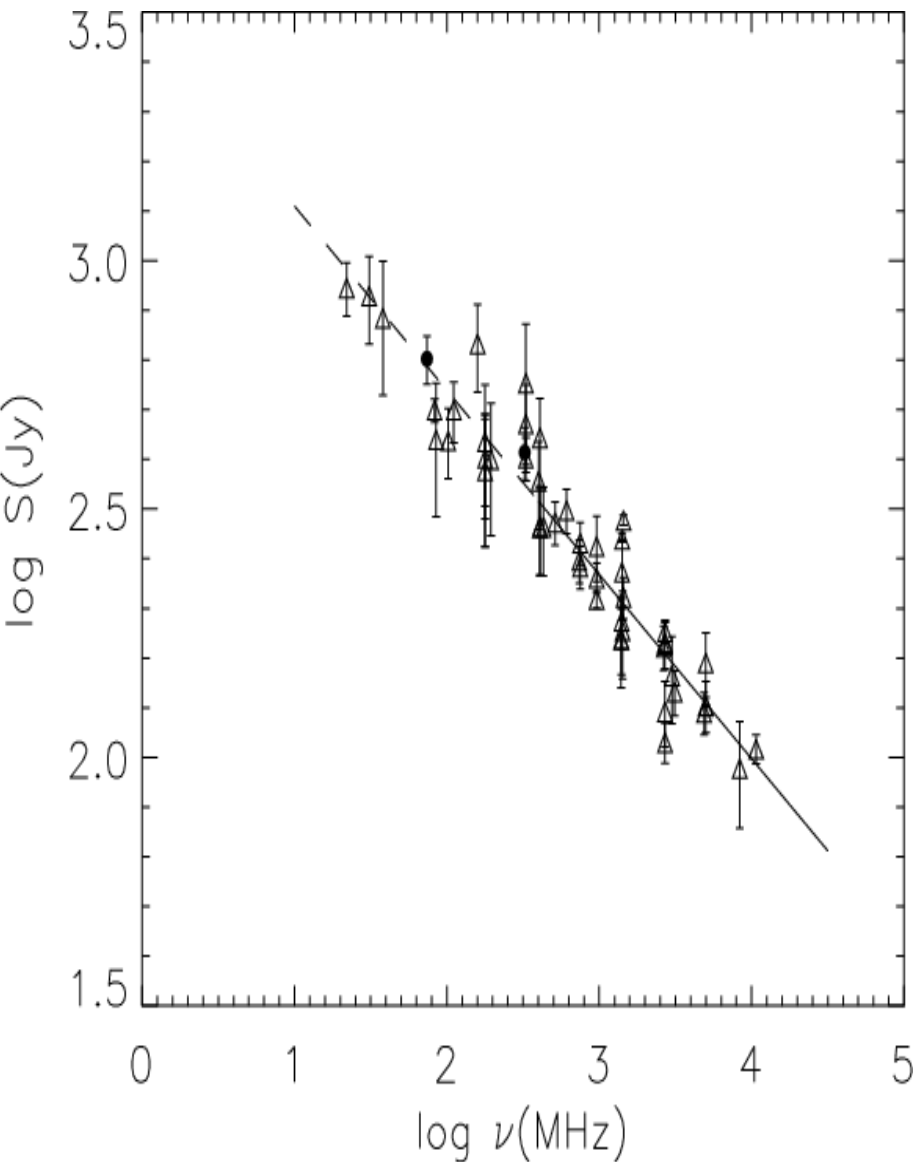
Age : ~ 20000 yr

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Type : mixed-morphology

- Strong non-thermal radio emission,
power-law featurless in the frequency
range ~ 10 MHz - 10 GHz

[Castelletti et al 2007]



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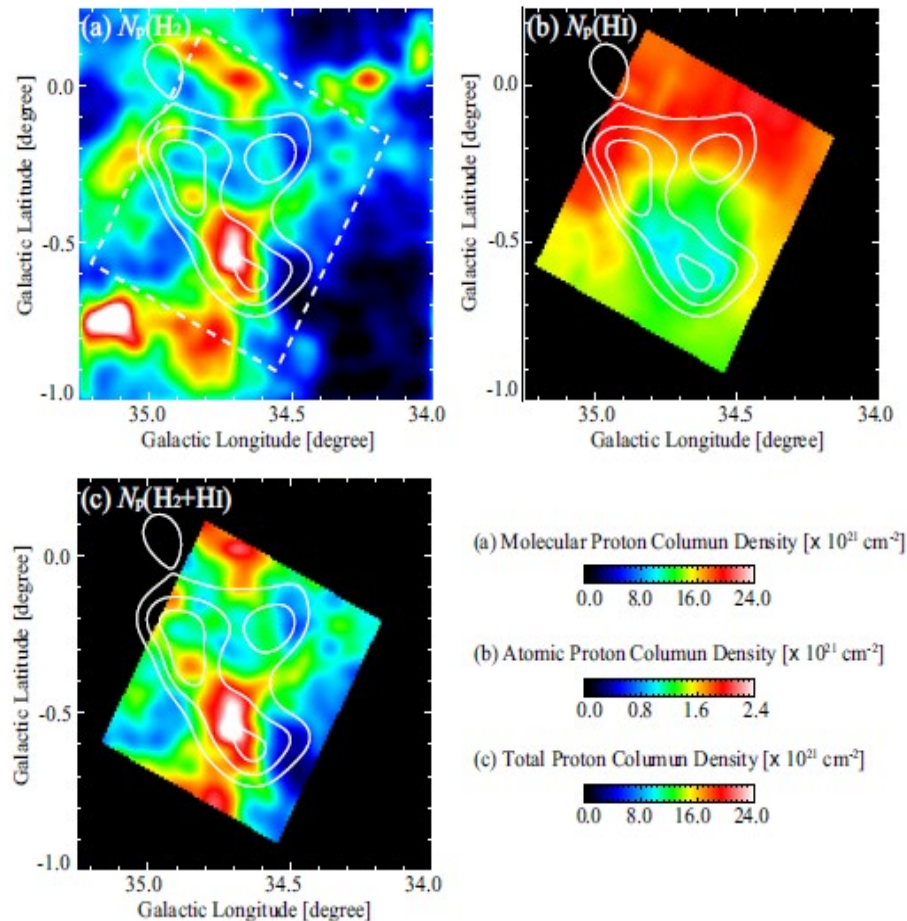
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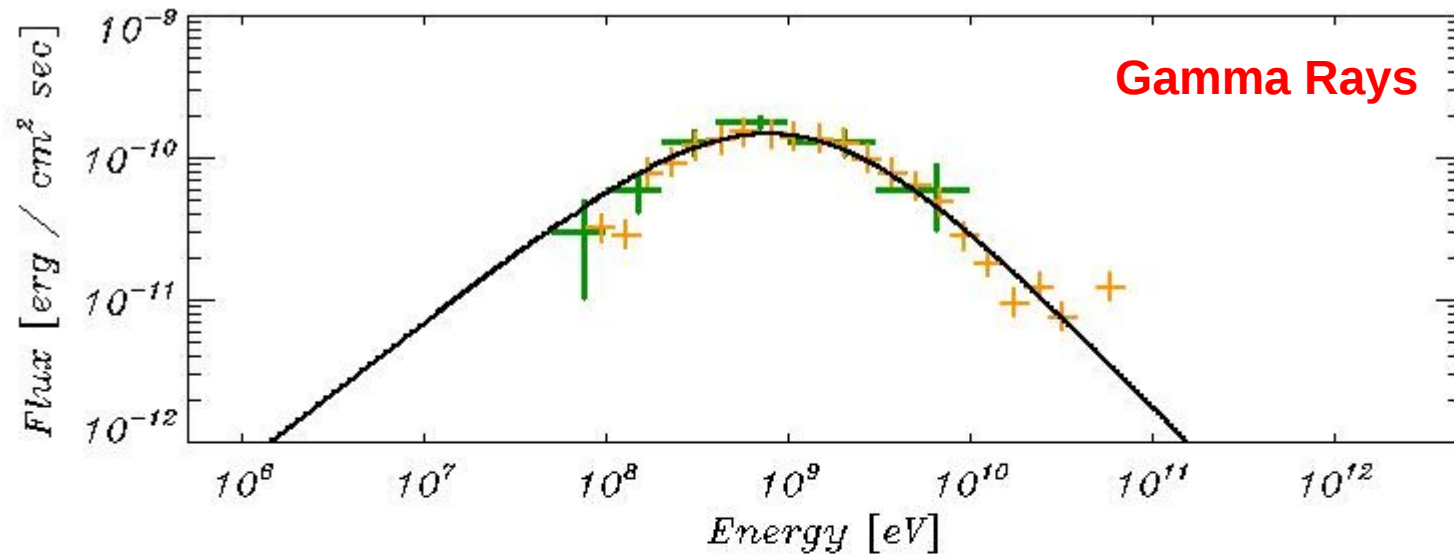
[Castelletti et al 2007]

- Expanding in a dense medium

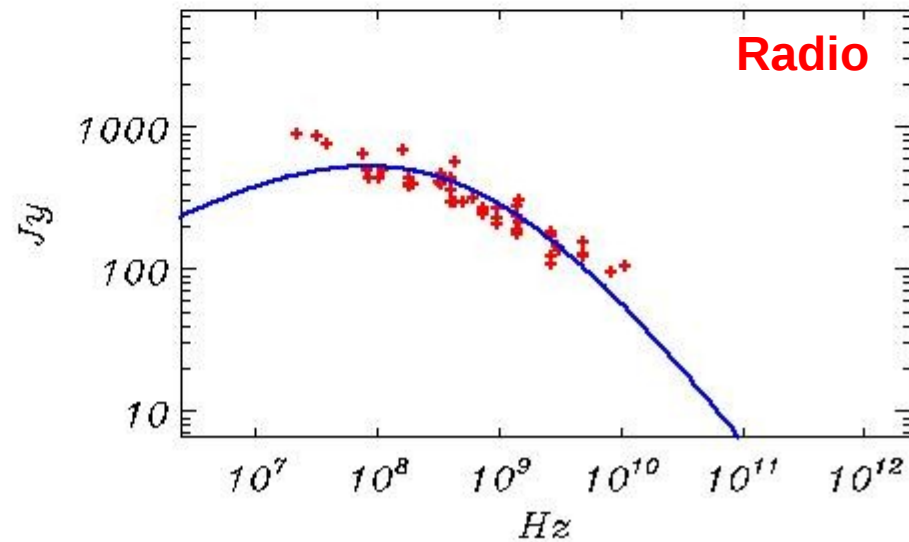
[Yoshiike et al. 2013]



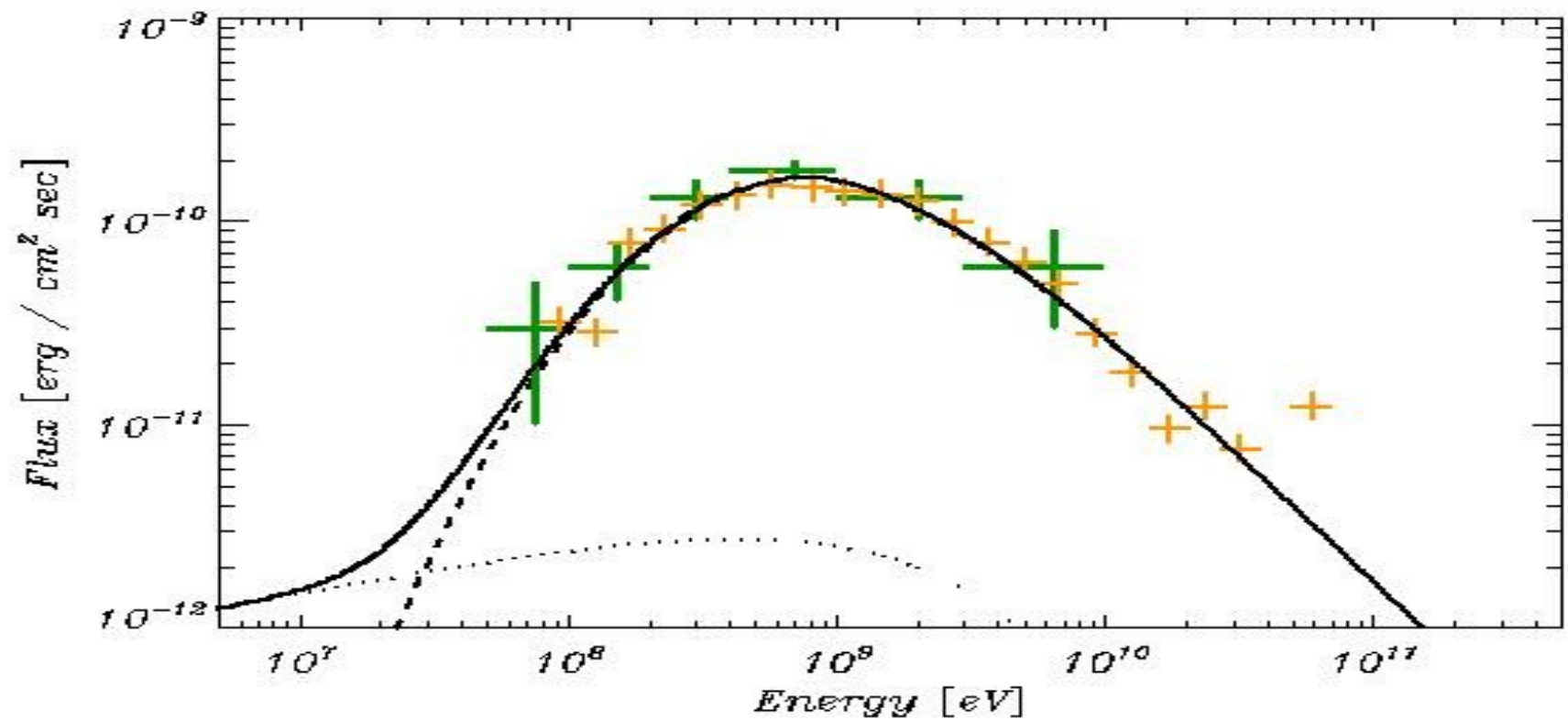
Bremsstrahlung ? Doesn't work !



$B : 30.0000$
 $n : 300$
 $E_c : 1000.00$
 $kp : 100.000$
 $k : 2.25000e+12$
 $p_1 : 0$
 $p_2 : 3.30000$
 $p : 3.50000$
 $E_{el} : 3000.00$



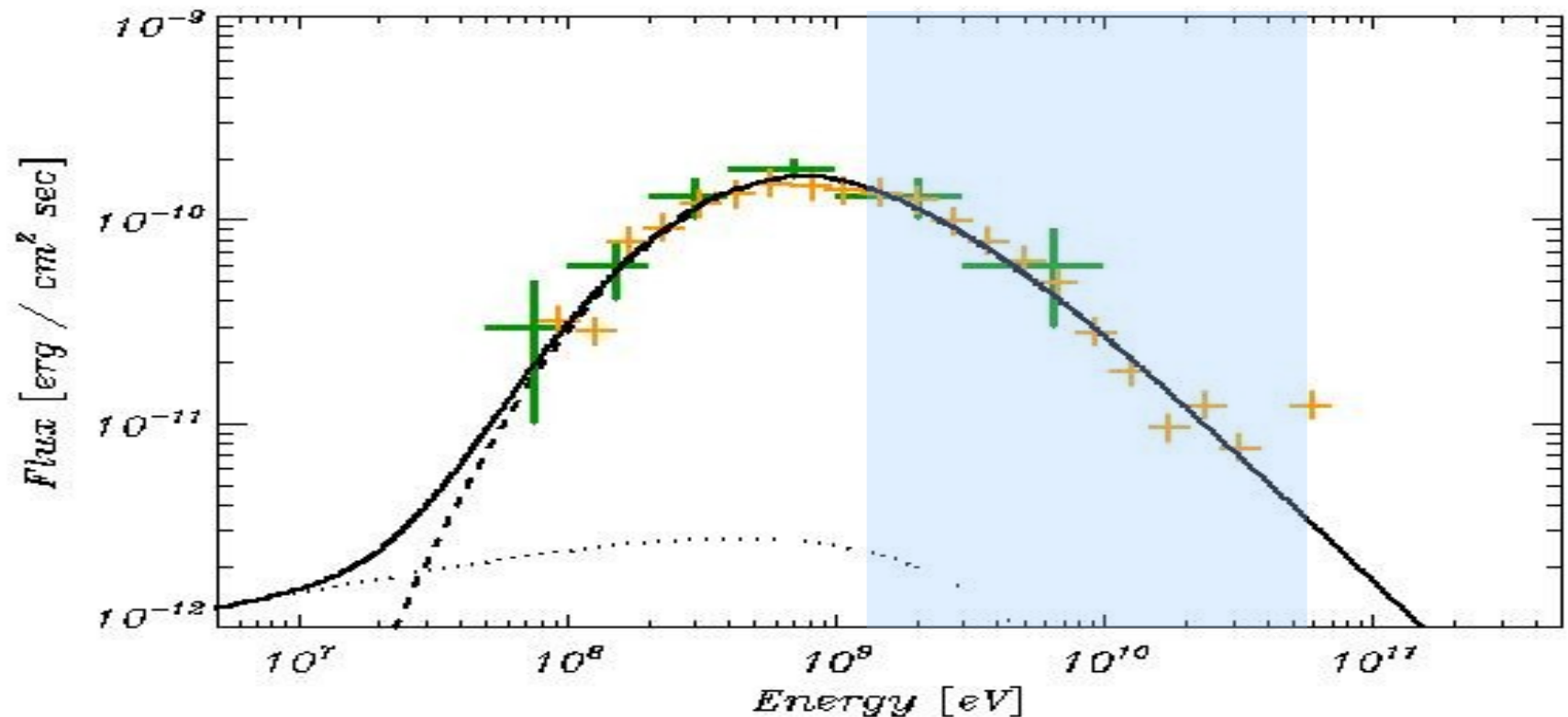
Pion decay !



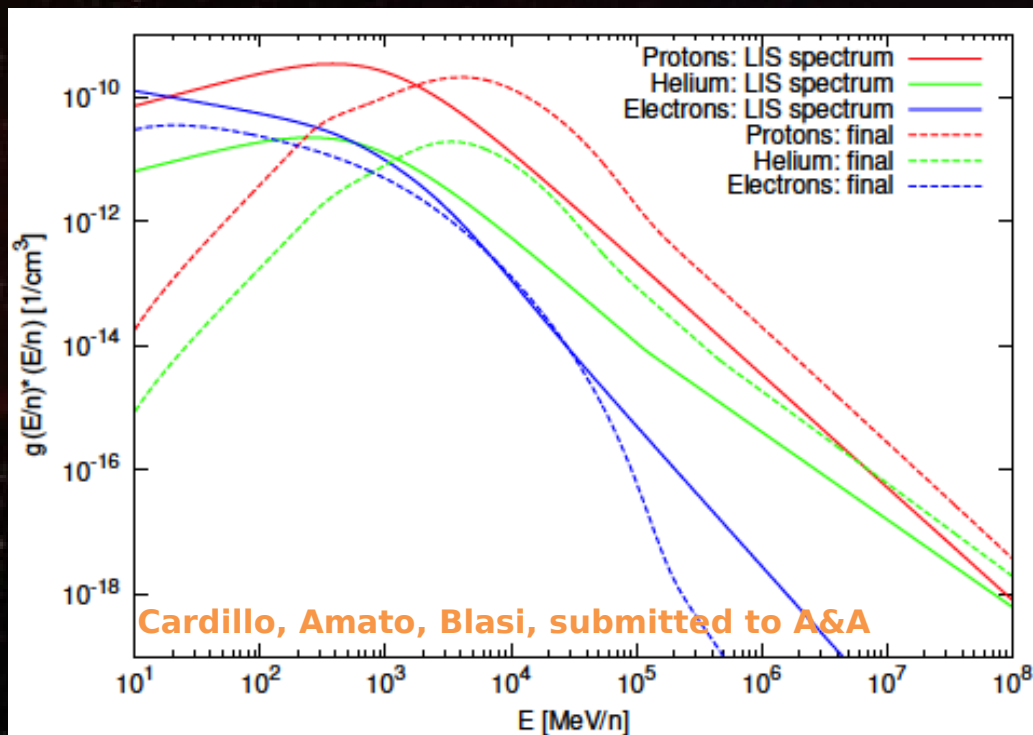
The protons spectrum is very soft for energies greater than $\sim 4\text{-}5\text{ GeV}$

Power law (in p) with index 3.5 (!!)

At least up to $\sim 50\text{ GeV}$ (challenge for CTA)

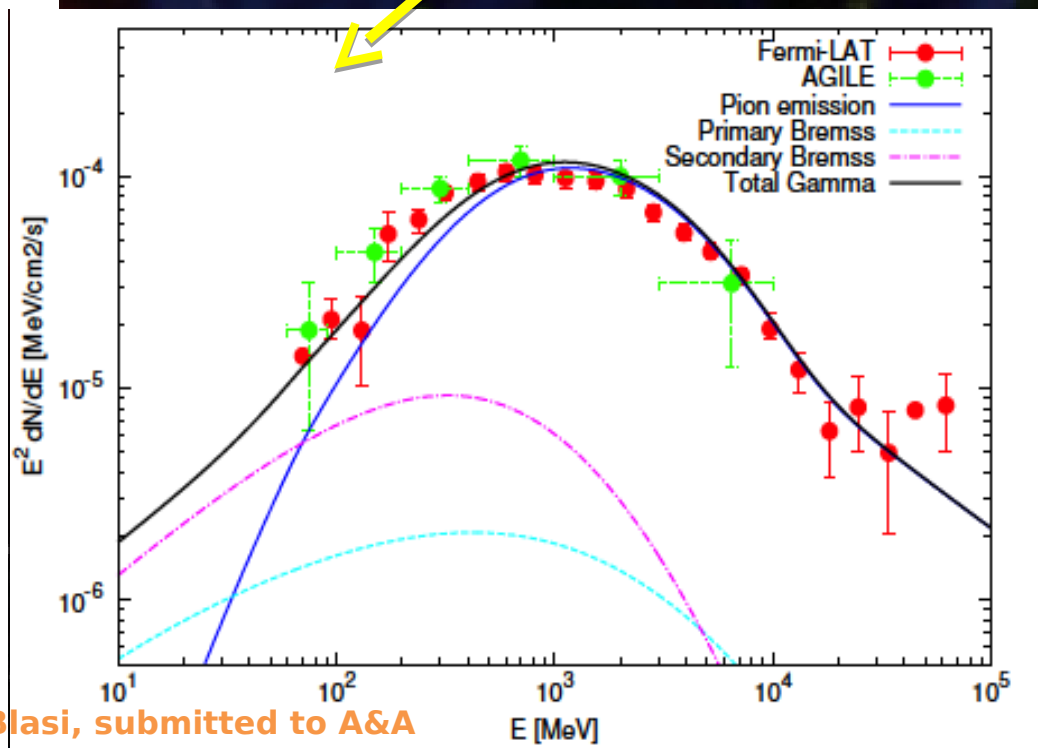
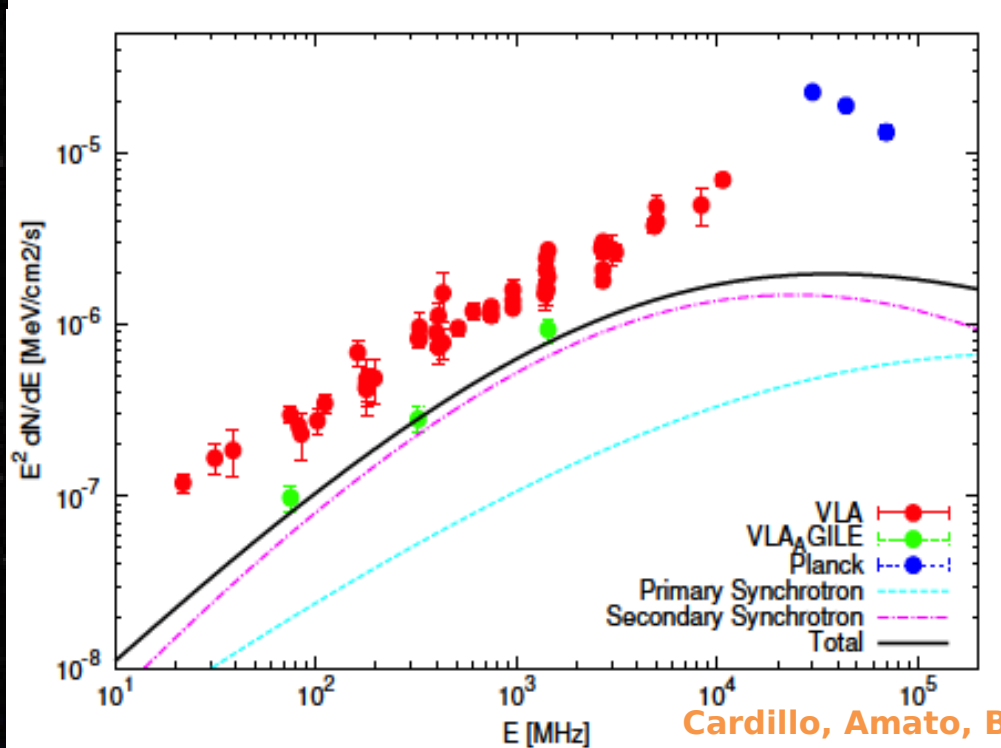


REACCELERATION: our model

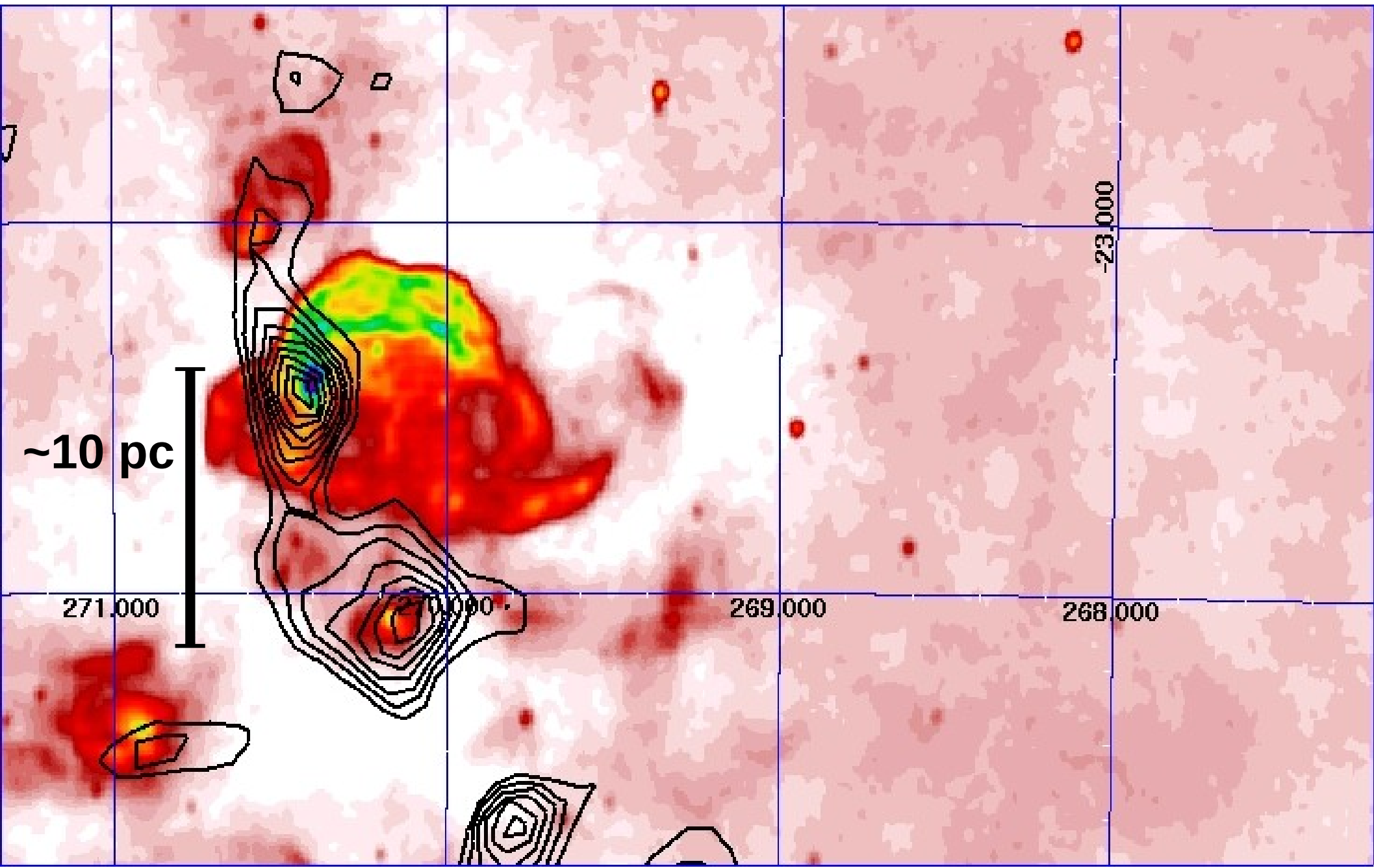


$$r_{sh} = 3.5 \div 4 \quad \alpha = 4.2 - 4$$

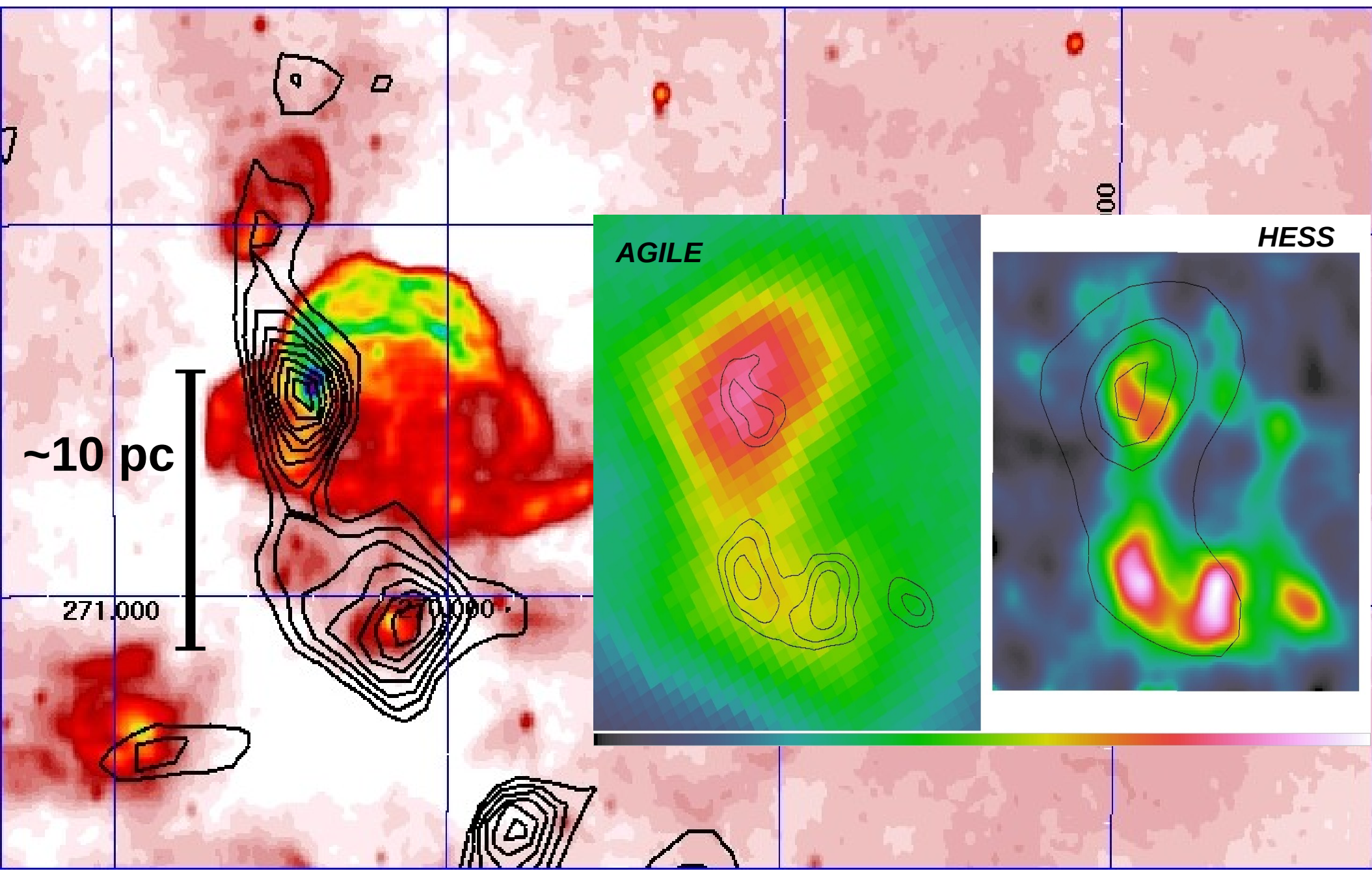
surf. filling factor $\xi \sim 50\%$



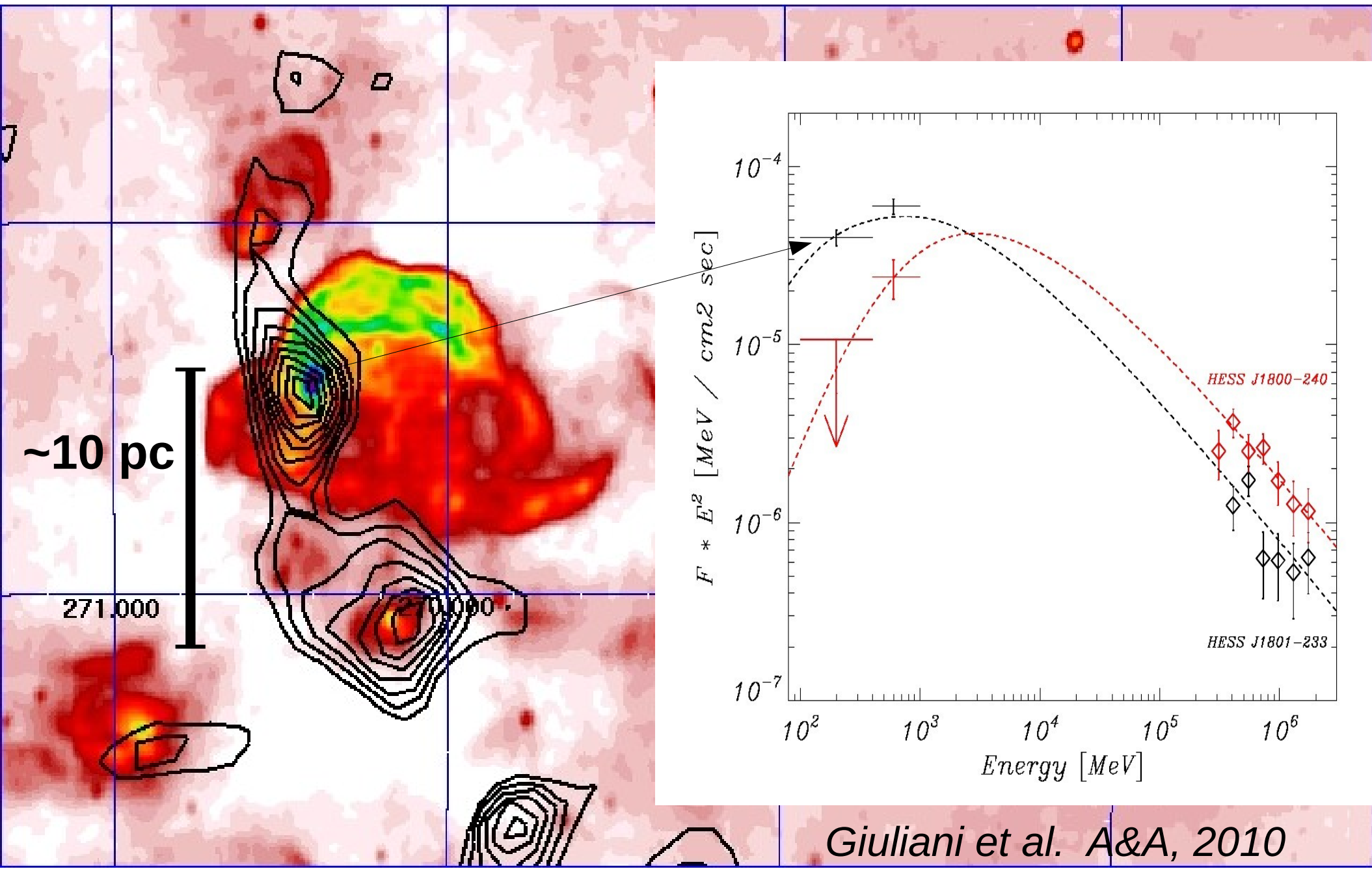
SNRs at “low” energy : diffusion of CRs (W28)



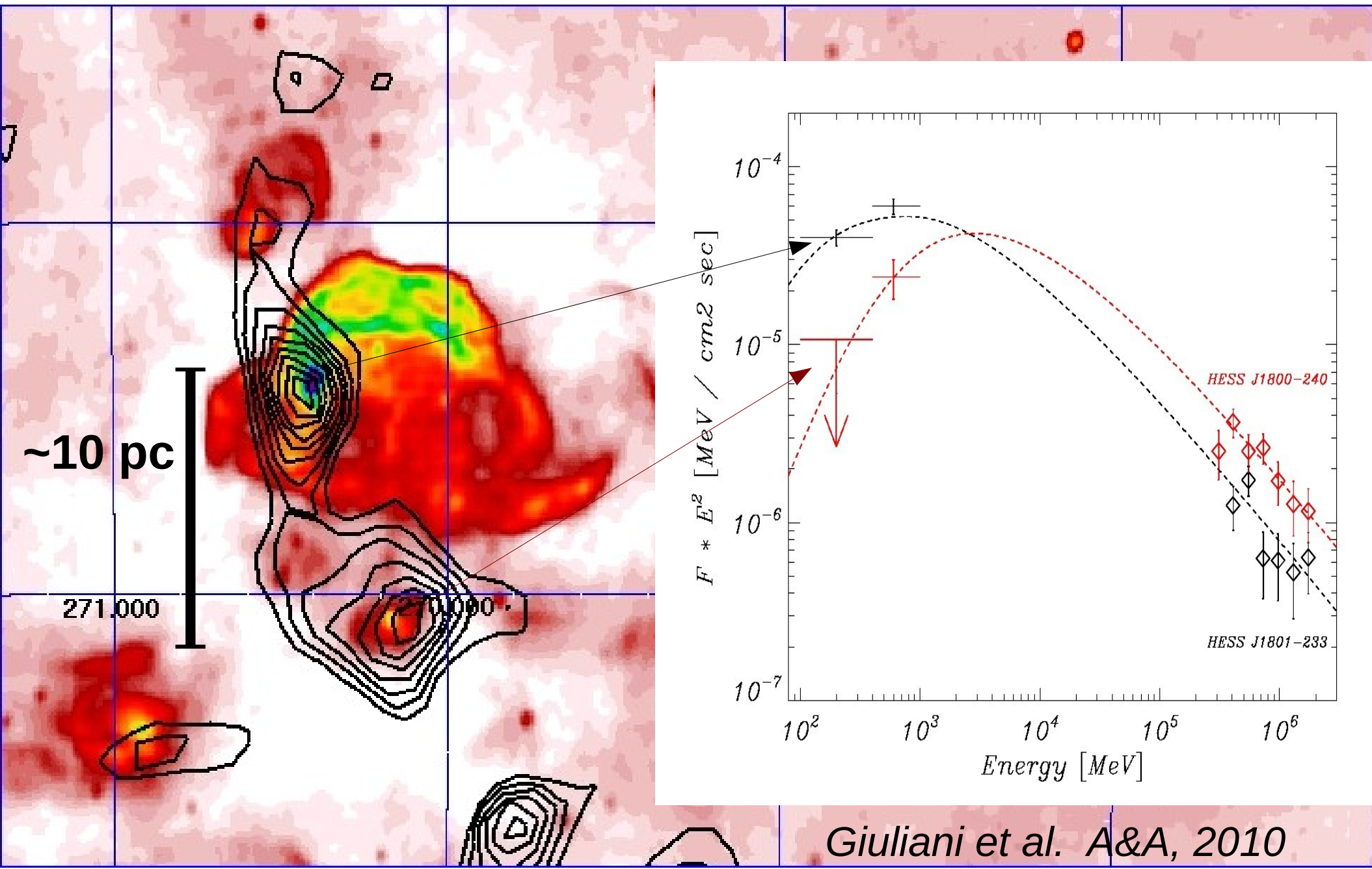
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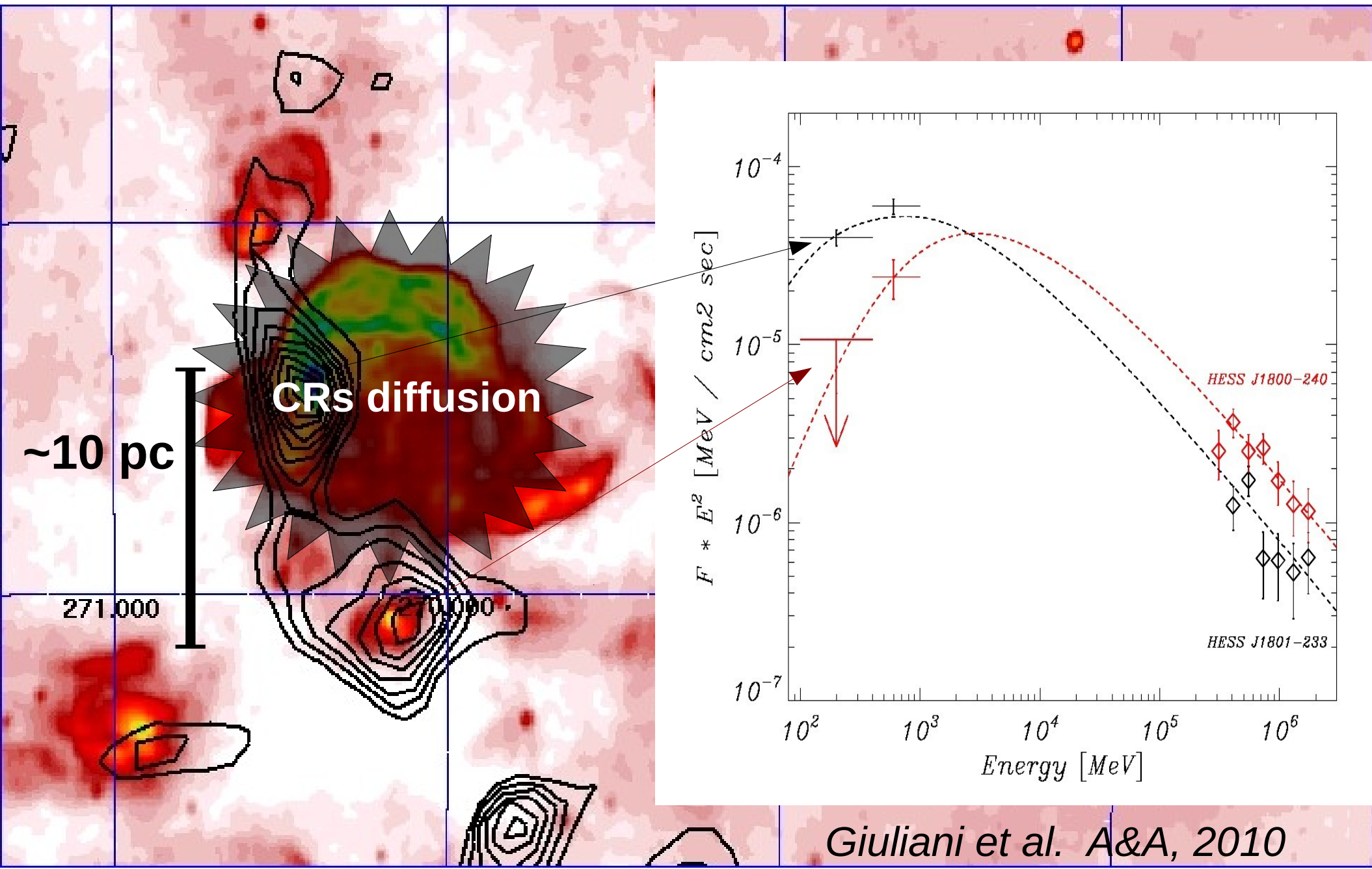
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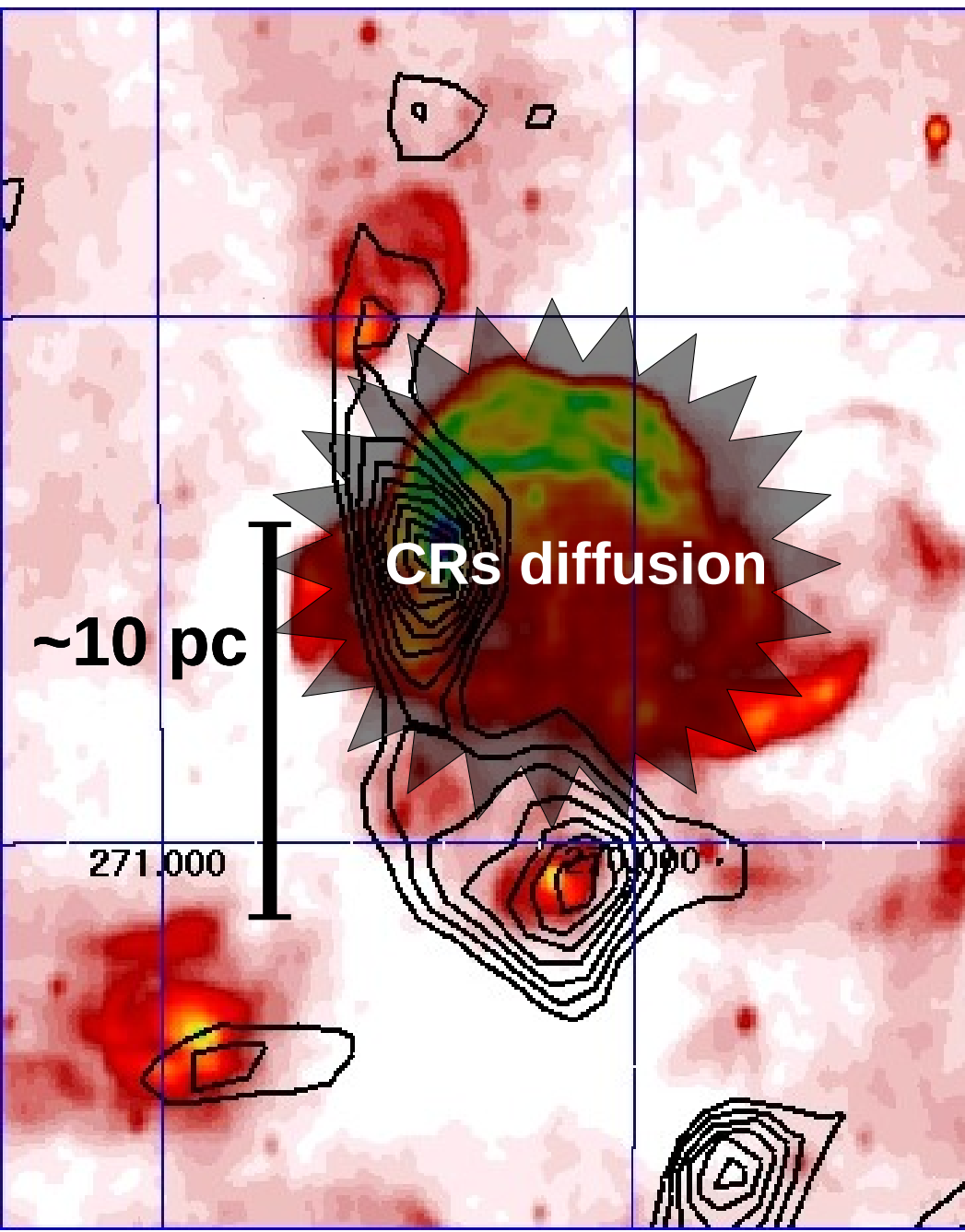
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SNRs at “low” energy : diffusion of CRs



In a diffusion regime CRs fill the volume around SNRs up to:

$$R \sim (2D(E) t)^{0.5}$$

For middle-aged SNRs (10^4 yrs)
and slow D ($\sim 1-2 \cdot 10^{26} (E/10 \text{ GeV})^{0.5}$) :

$$R \sim 10 \text{ pc}$$

--> low-energy cutoff in the CRs
spectrum @ $\sim 10 \text{ GeV}$

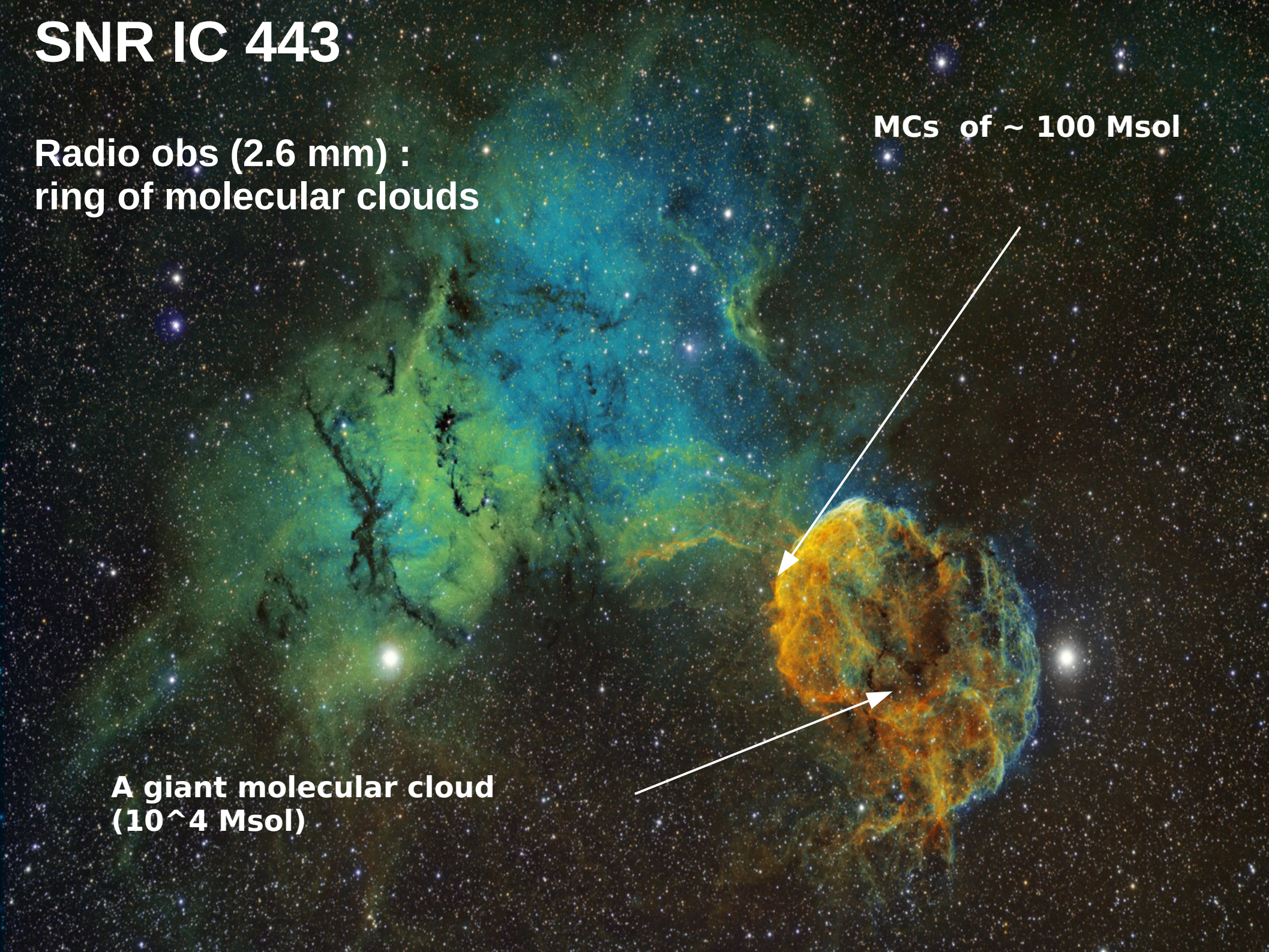
Giuliani et al. A&A, 2010

SNR IC 443

Radio obs (2.6 mm) :
ring of molecular clouds

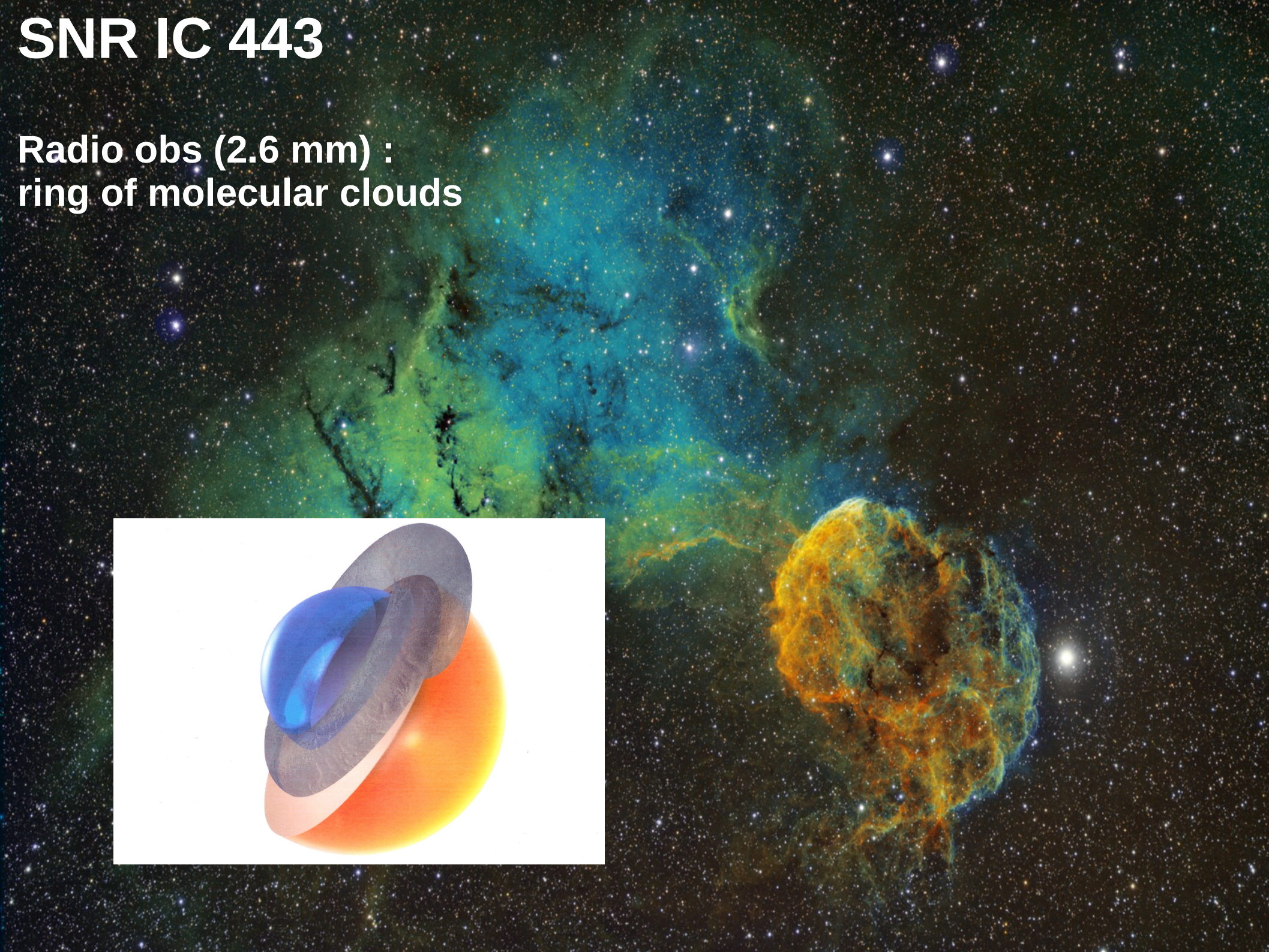
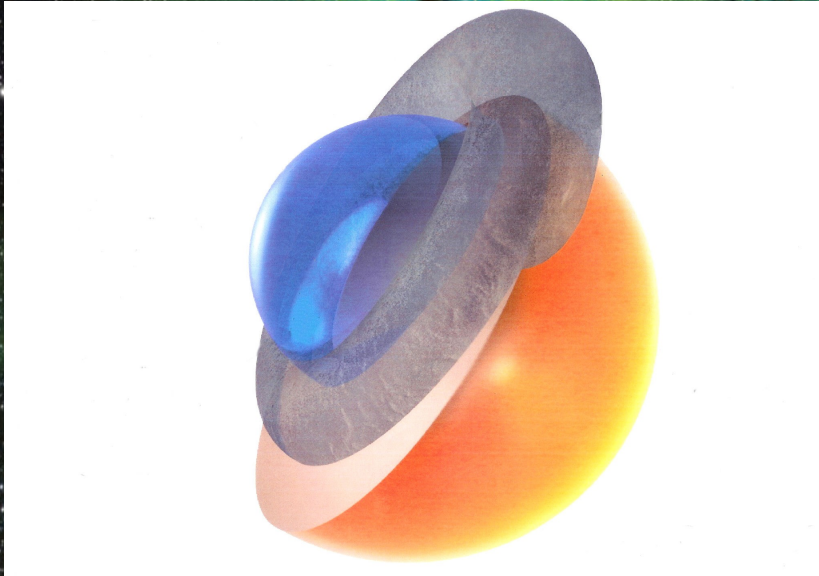
MCs of $\sim 100 \text{ M}_{\odot}$

A giant molecular cloud
($10^4 \text{ M}_{\odot}$)

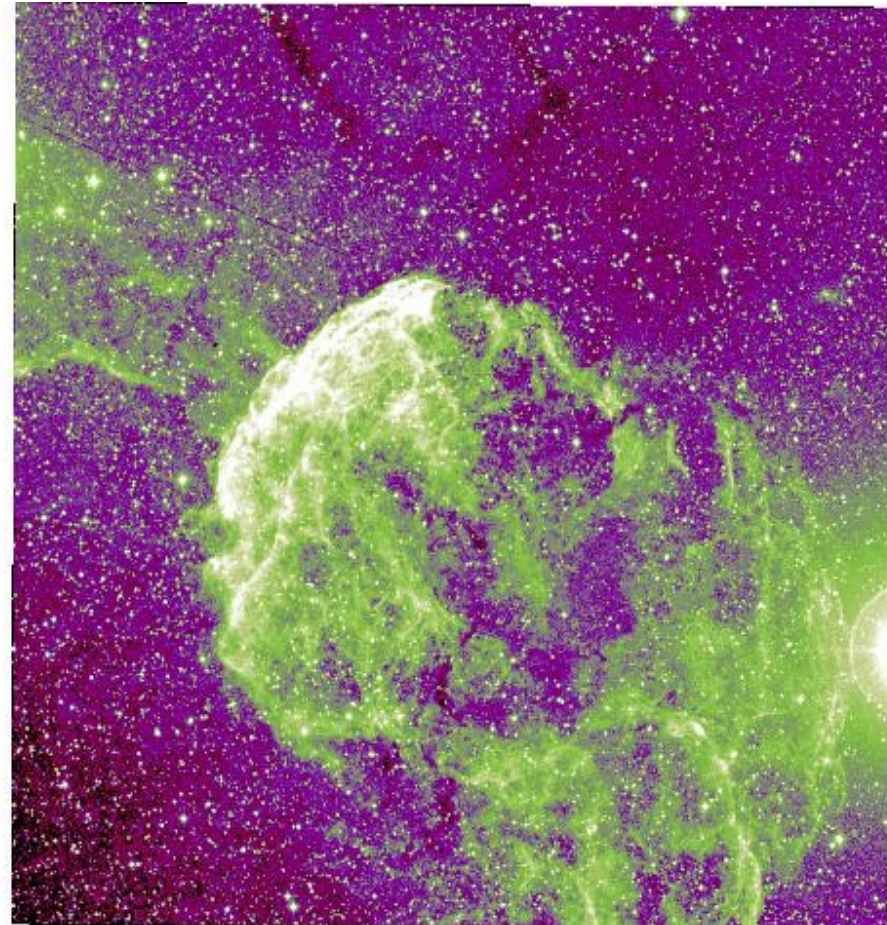


SNR IC 443

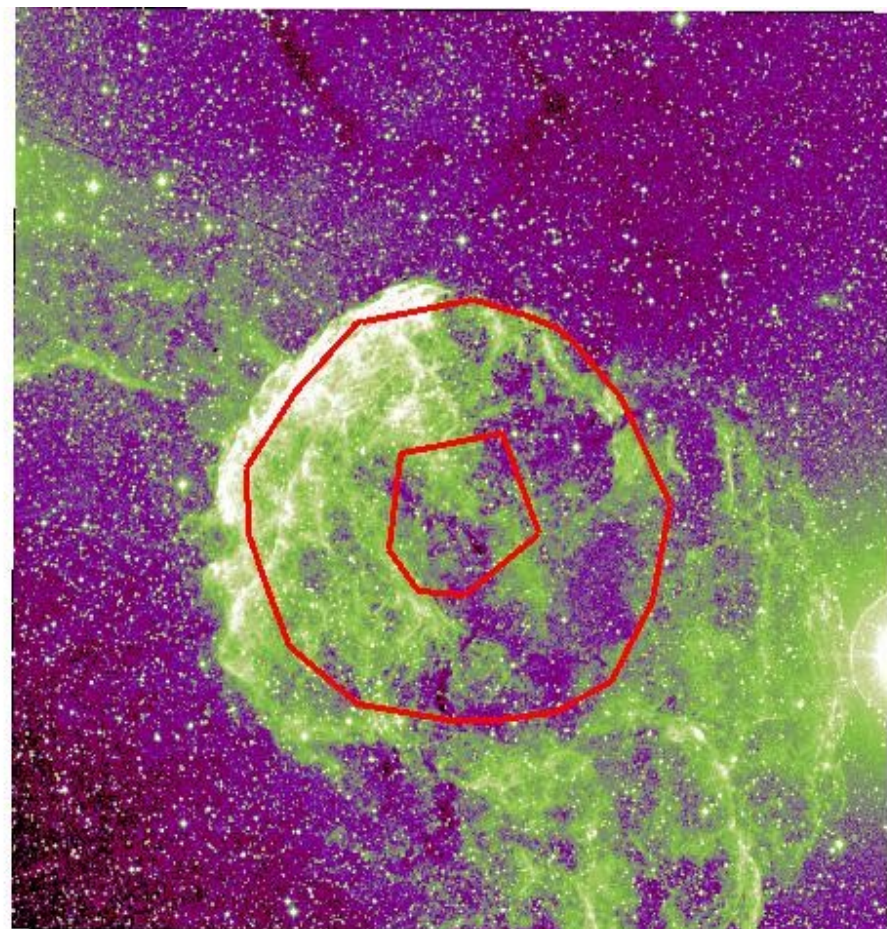
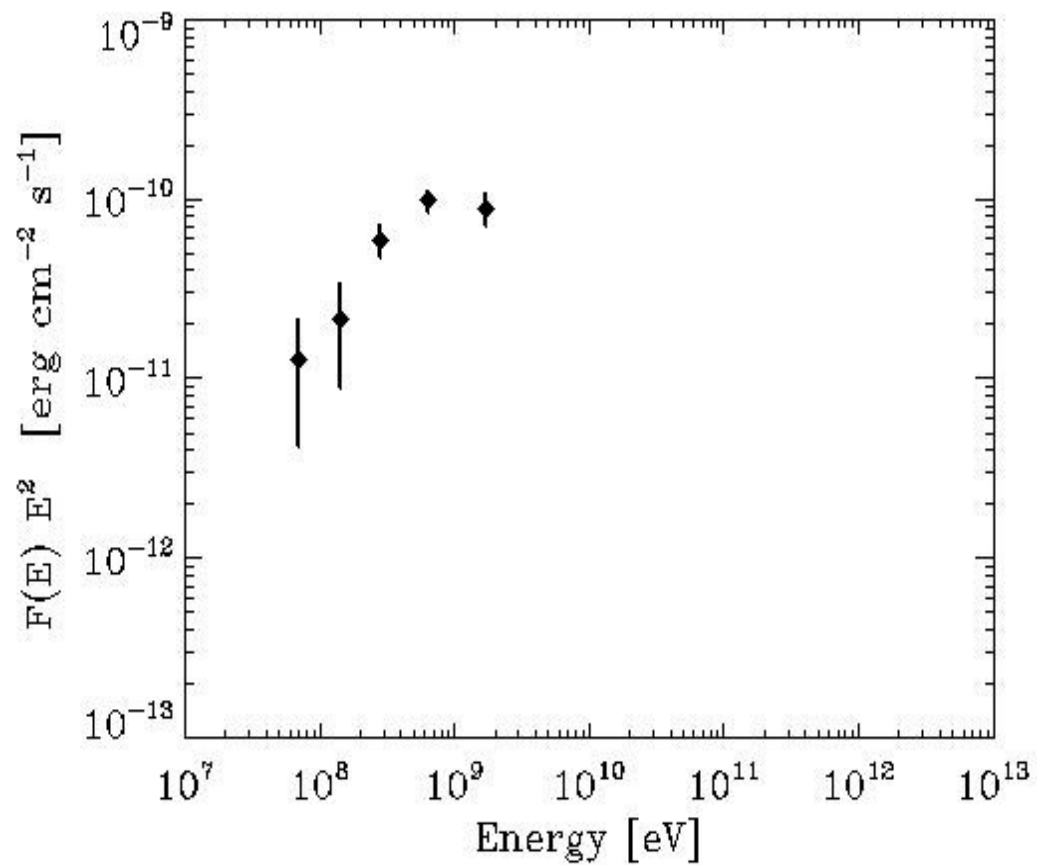
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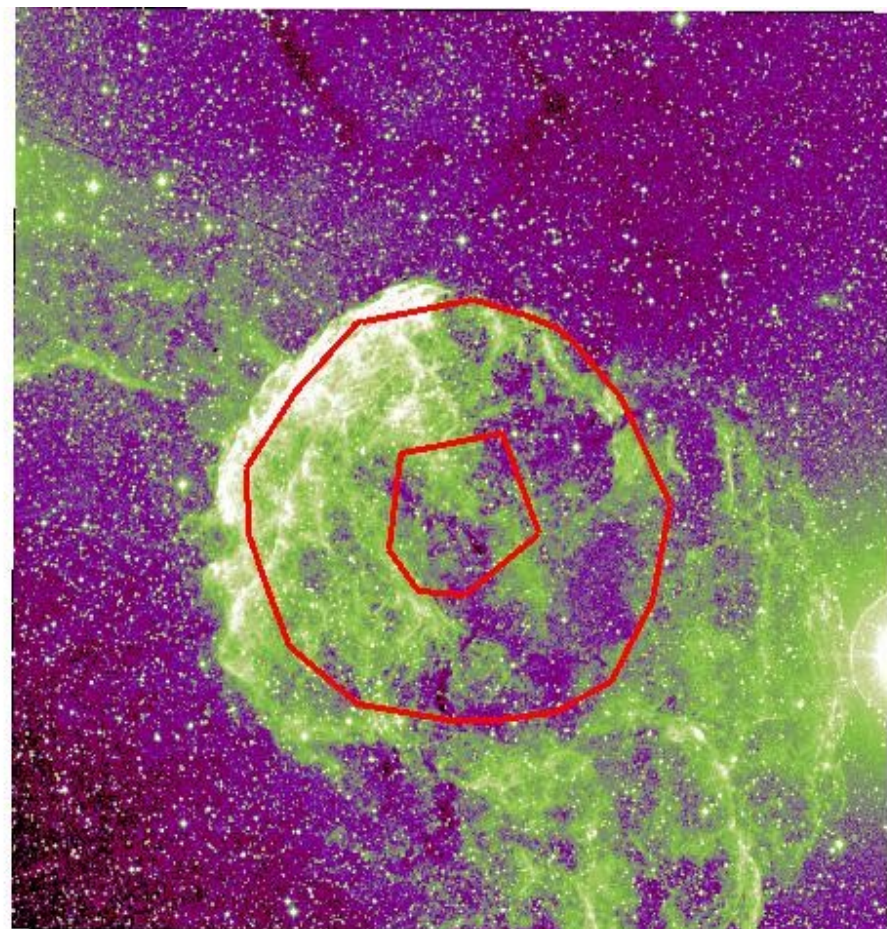
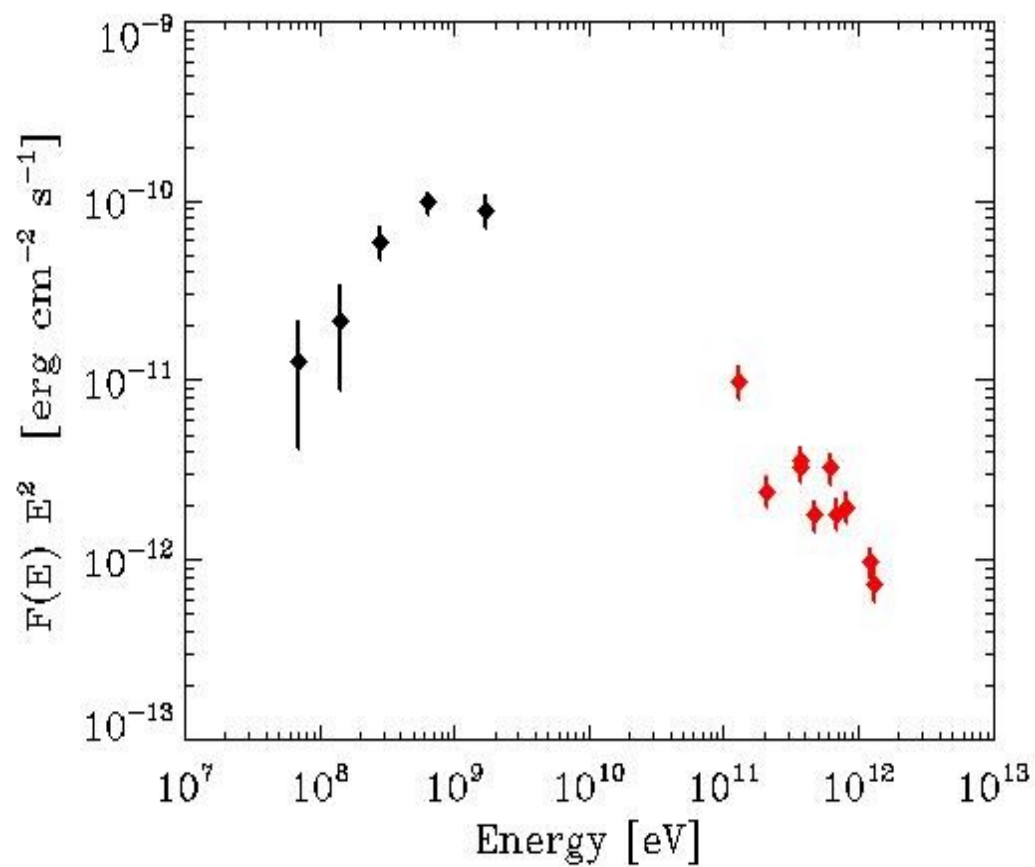
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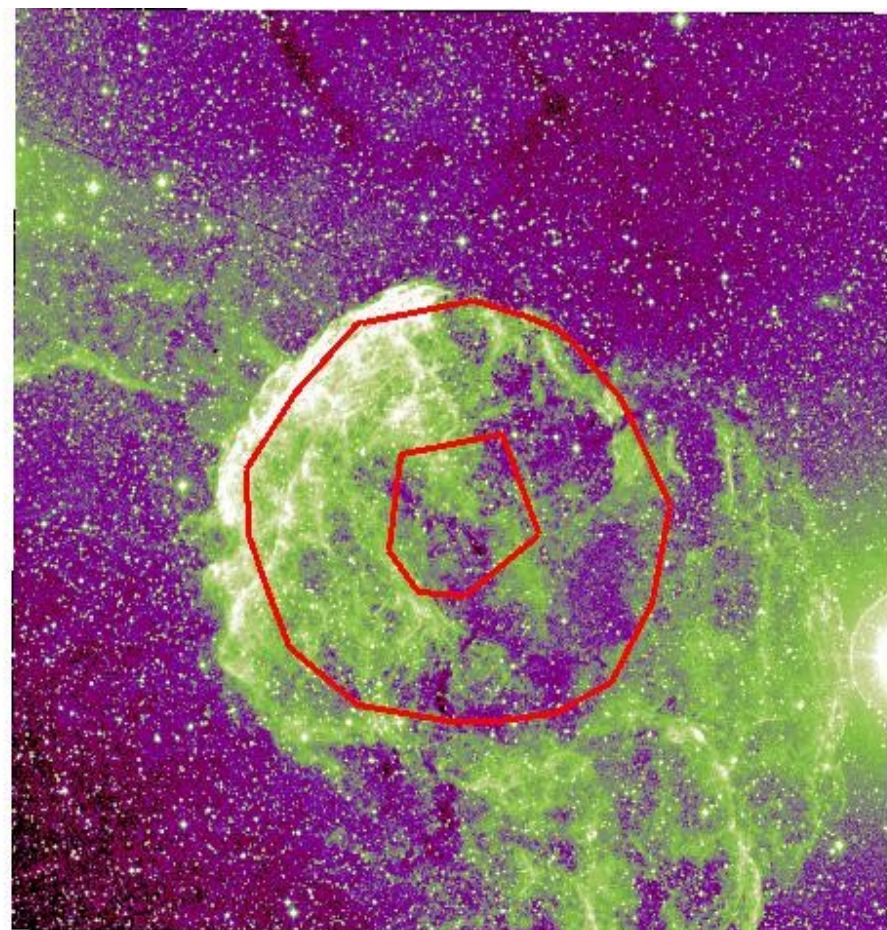
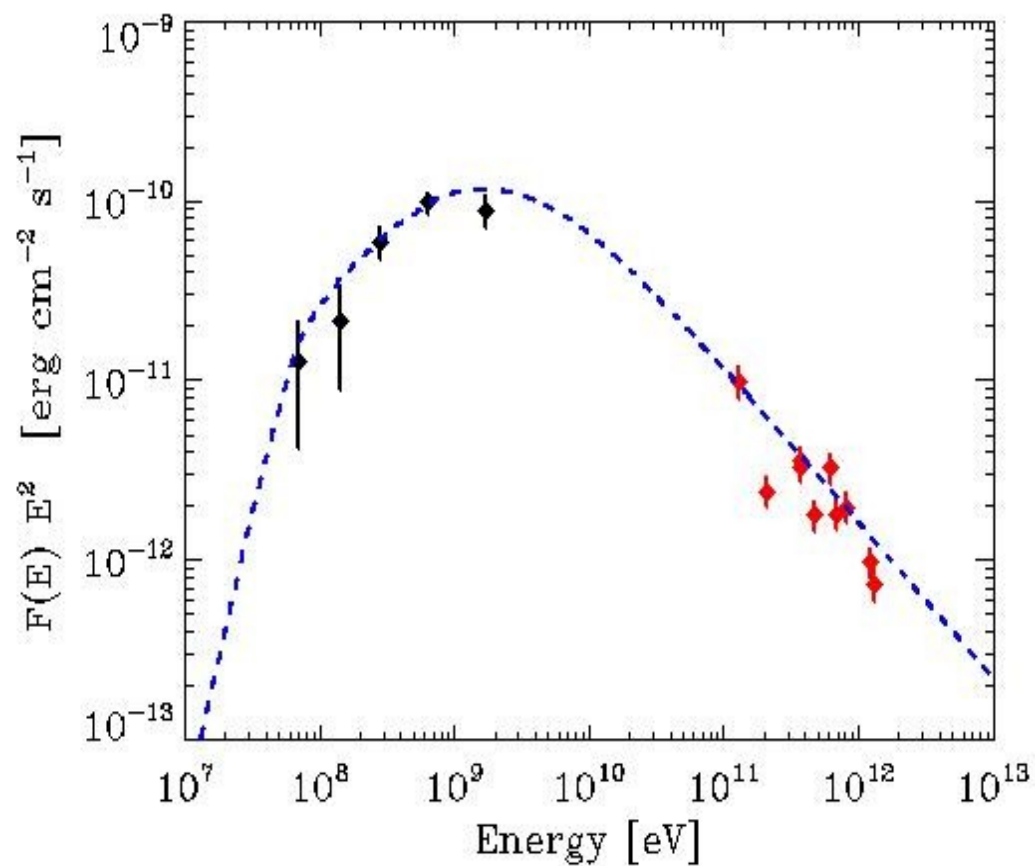


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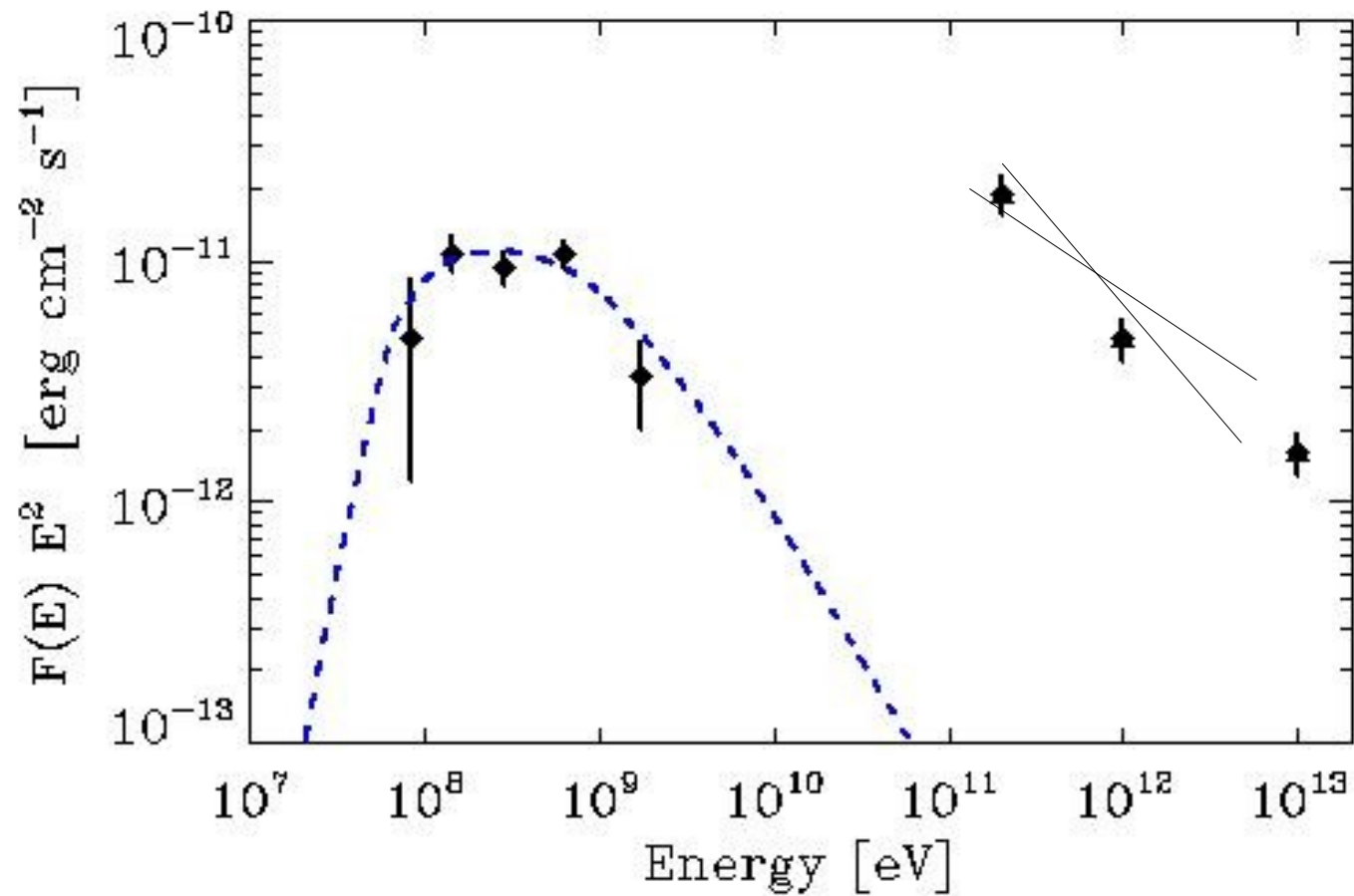
SNR IC 443

Break : $3.1 \rightarrow 2.0 \pm 0.1$



SNR W30

Break : 3.5 → 2.0+0.2



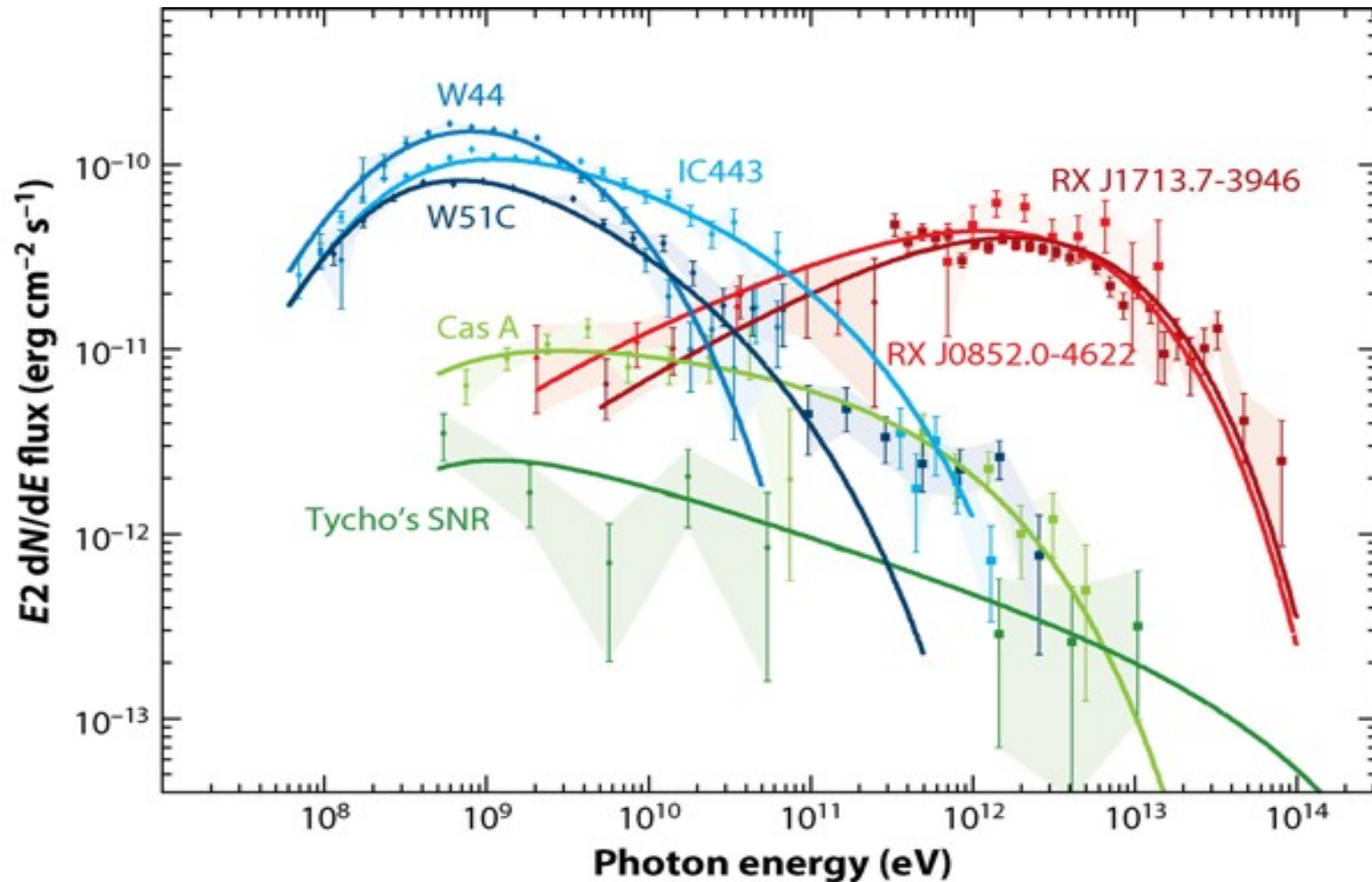
Pevatrons : What ?

*Accelerators of protons (or nuclei) up to 1 PeV
(spectrum without cut-offs up to 1 PeV)*

Interaction with ISM gives gammas with energy up to $\sim 10 \% E_p$

*→ Hadronic gamma-ray emission,
with without cut-offs up to ~ 100 TeV*

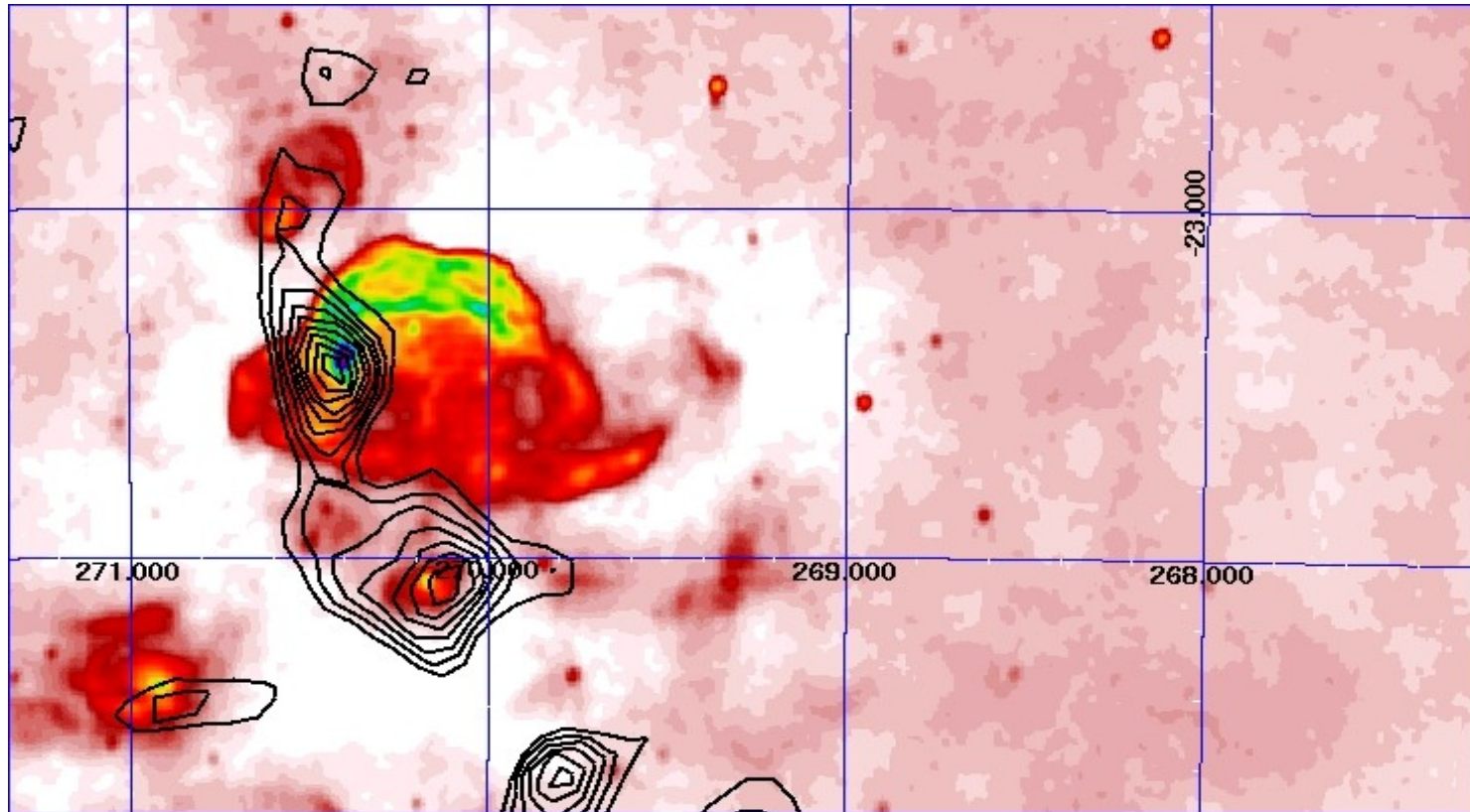
Pevatrons (SNRs) : who ?



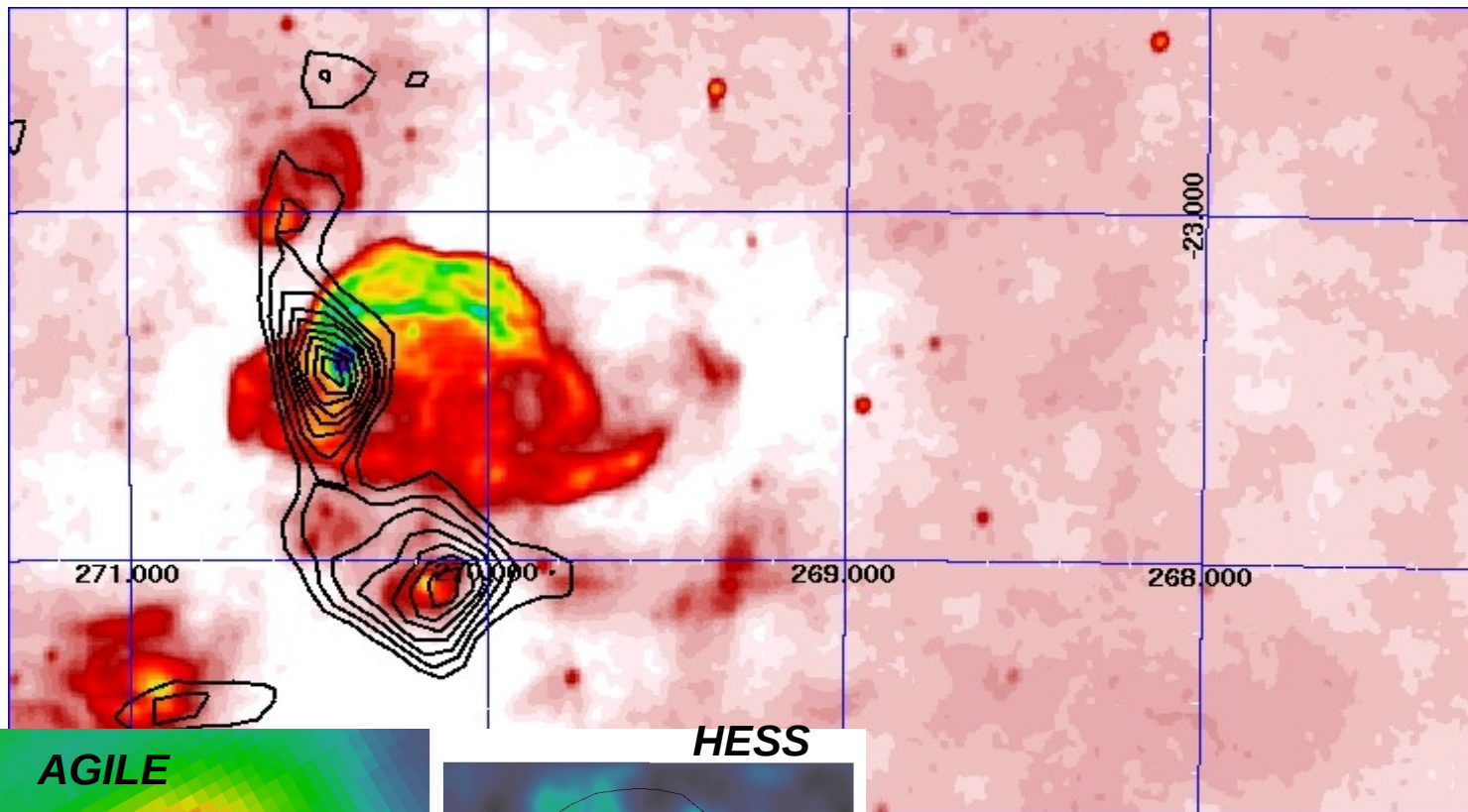
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SNR W 28

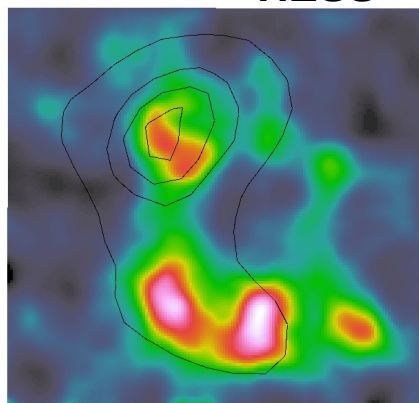


SNR W 28

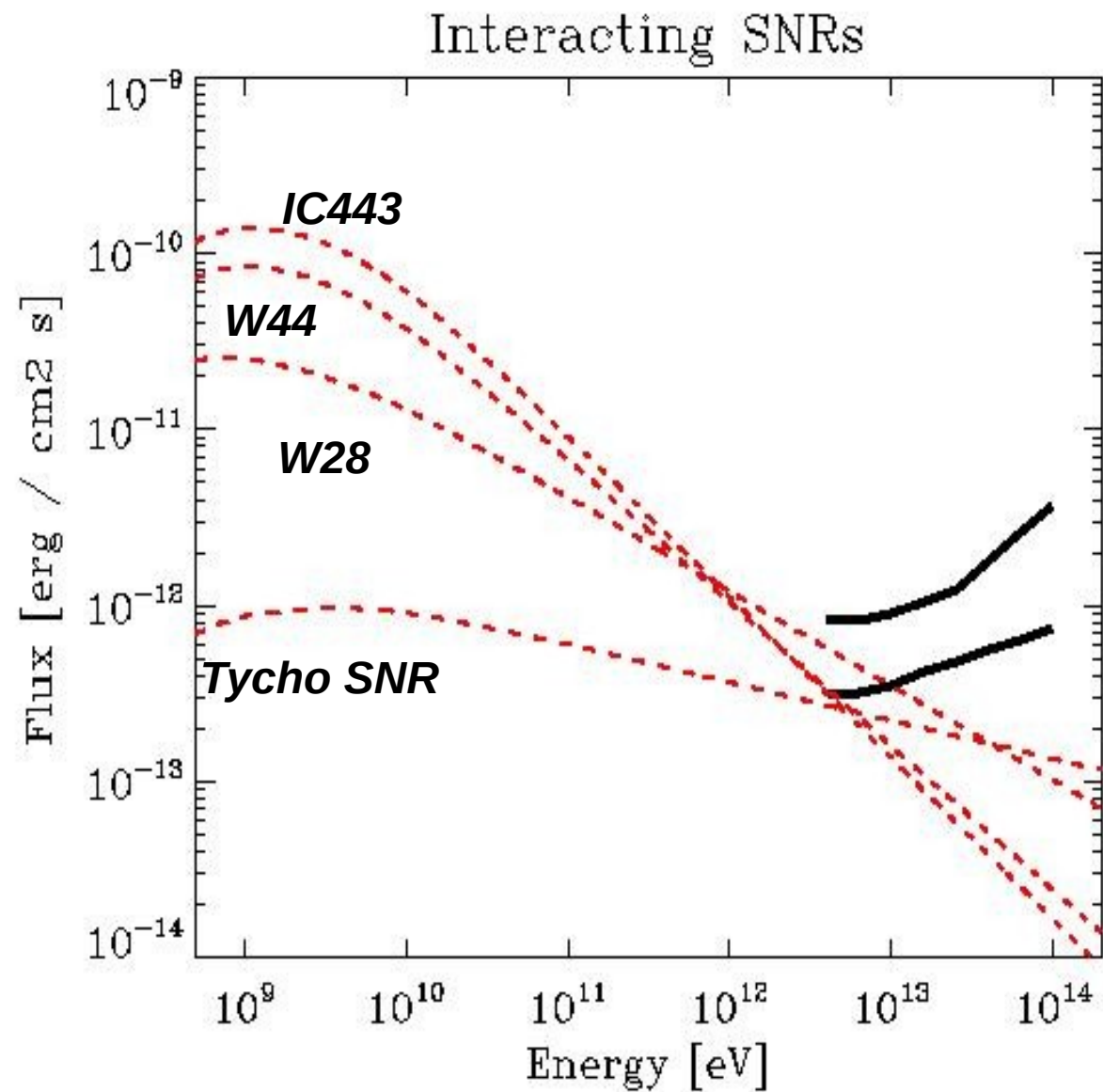
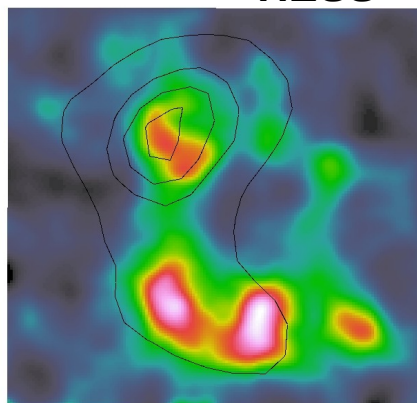
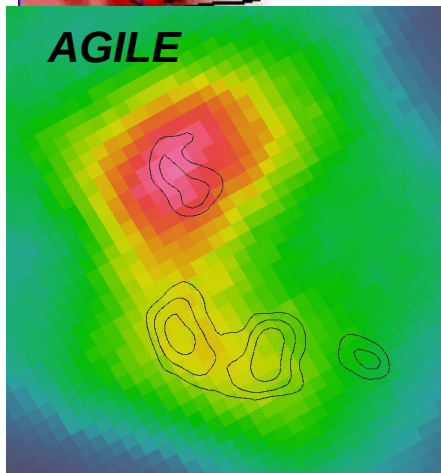
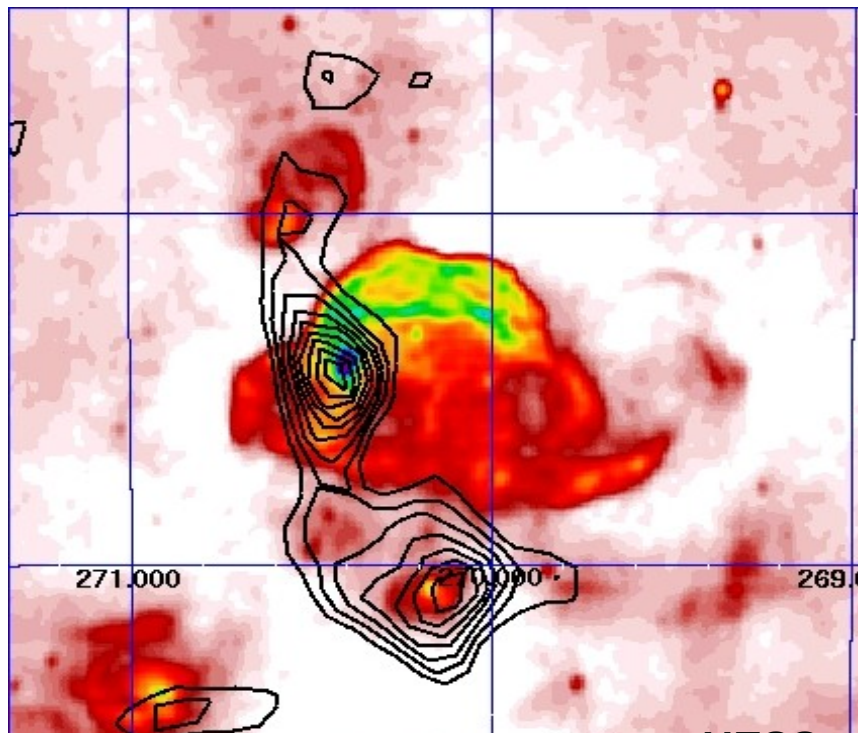


AGILE

HESS



SNR W 28



Thanks!