## The Crab pulsar as seen by the MAGIC telescopes

#### Outline

- The MAGIC telescopes
- Mono observations
- Stereo observations

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#### Collaboration: ~ 150 Physicists, 21 Institutes, 8 Countries:

### La Palma, IAC 28° North, 18° West





### MAGIC-II in operation since 2009

Goal: Achieve the lowest energy threshold among CTs Close gap between space & 9th Agile Workshop, Rome, 20 ground-based gamma-ray telescopes 2

## The Cherenkov technique

### Basic fact: Gamma-rays absorbed in atmosphere

### Satellites

- Direct detection
- Small background
- Small Effective Area ~1m<sup>2</sup>



### Ground Detectors

- Indirect detection
- Enormous hadronic background
- Huge Effective Area ~ 10<sup>5</sup>m<sup>2</sup>



# **MAGIC Physics Targets**



### Pulsars one of the hottest topics



## Pulsar models: overview

Different models try to explain observed γ-ray emission.

- Assume different emitting region in magnetosphere → different emission geometry: PC, OG, SG
- Spectrum depends on the physics of the emitting region

# Light curves depend on geometry



### Gamma-ray pulsars with space telescopes

101 pulsars found by Fermi
 Spectra up to ~10 GeV consistent with exp. cutoff

Polar Cap rejected

Outer Gap favored



## Are Pulsars visible in VHE Y-rays?



Models for HE emission (polar cap, outer or slot gap) predict exp. or super exp. cutoffs @ few GeV.
 Observational challenge for CTs since 20 years



## Pulsar observations modes with MAGIC

MAGIC tried from the very beginning to detect pulsars

 Developed dedicated hardware to help to the pulsar program (central pixel, sumtrigger,...)

	Mono (2004-2007)	Mono (2007-2009)	Stereo (2009-2011)
Telescopes	MAGIC I	MAGIC I	MAGIC I & II
Energy threshold	60 GeV	25 GeV	50 GeV
Sensitivity > 100 GeV	7.5% Crab	4.4% Crab	1.6 % Crab
	Insufficient sensitivity	The lowest threshold	The best g/h separation

# MAGIC Crab pulsar Timeline

Oct. – Dec. 2005
 std. trigger (>60 GeV)
 2.9 σ excess in P2!

 Oct. 2007 – Feb 2008 sum trigger (> 25 GeV)
 6.4 σ excess in P1+P2!!

• Oct. 2008 – Feb 2009

sum trigger (> 25 GeV)

Fermi launched

Sum trig.

developed

MAGIC II commissioned

 Oct. 2009 – Feb 2011 stereo trigger (> 50 GeV)

### Hint





Detection

### First Crab pulsar detection above 25 GeV

Mono Observations with sumtrigger - Oct.07 to Feb.08: 22.3 h

Clear detection: 6.4 Pulses in phase with EGRET

> P1 clearly visible at 25 GeV →First Surprise

Pulsed emission still visible > 60 GeV ! P2 became dominant



## Mono observations (2007-2009): Detection

59 hours from Oct. 2007 to Feb. 2009 with SumTrigger



P1 (-0.06-0.04): 6200 +- 1400 events (4.3  $\sigma$ )P2 (0.32-0.43) : 11300 +- 1500 events (7.4  $\sigma$ )P1+P2 : 17500 +- 2300 (7.5  $\sigma$ )

## Mono observations (2007-2009): Spectrum

# Obtained total pulsed spectrum and spectra for each peak separately up to 100 GeV



**Inconsistent** with the extrapolation of the exponential cutoff (>5  $\sigma$ ). Spectra between 25 GeV and 100 GeV show a power law.

	P1 + P2	P1	P2
F <sub>o</sub> at 30 GeV [10 <sup>-9</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> TeV <sup>-1</sup> ]	3.1+-1.0+-0.3	4.5+-2.3+-2.6	10.0 +-1.9 +- 2.6
Index	-3.4+-0.5+-0.3	-3.1 +- 1.0 +- 0.3	-3.4 +- 0.5 +- 0.3

## MAGIC stereo

### Two 17m telescopes observing in stereoscopic mode since fall '09

#### Why stereo?

Stereoscopic provides: better reconstruction of shower direction & additional shower parameters

#### This means:

- Better hadron rejection
- Better angular resolution:
- 0.1°@100 GeV, down to 0.04° E>1 TeV
- Better energy resolution:20%@100 GeV, down to 15% at 1 TeV
- Enhances the sensitivity over the whole energy range (2-3 better)
- Energy threshold: ~ 50 GeV



Most sensitive observatory in the range 50-200 GeV

## Stereo observations (2009-2011): Detection

# Used 73 h of stereo data from Oct09 to Feb1 43 Wobble, 30 ON/OFF



H-test gives 6.4 σ P1: 356 +- 69 events (5.2 σ) P2: 880 +- 101 events (8.9 σ)

> Pulsed emission detected up to 400 GeV !!

## Stereo observations (2009-2011): Detection

# Used 73 h of stereo data from Oct09 to Feb1 43 Wobble, 30 ON/OFF



## Stereo observations (2009-2011): Detection

### Light curve morphology

Peaks width get narrower with energy



The pulses are aligned, becoming very narrow @ VHE

## Stereo observations (2009-2011): Spectrum

### VHE spectrum of Crab pulsar



MAGIC Stereo provides spectra up to 400 GeV.

Mono/stereo spectra agree... and go well beyond a cutoff at few GeV!

> In agreement with VERITAS (Aliu et.all 2011)

## Stereo observations (2009-2011): Spectrum

### First pulsar Phase-resolved spectrum @ hundreds GeV !



Good agreement to MAGIC-Mono (< 2 Sigma despite different systematics)

MAGIC measurements rule out extrapolation of Fermi exponential fit.

## A possible explanation for a VHE tail (I)

Extension of Outer Gap scenario by K. Hirotani (arXiv:1108.5391)

- Detected VHE pulsed emission caused by IC scattering of secondary & tertiary e<sup>+-</sup>-pairs on magnetospheric IR-UV ph.
- Predicted Power law component from 10 Gev up to 1 TeV
- In the calculations, angle between rotational and B axes assumed to be 65°, and observer's viewing angle 106°.



MAGIC mono & stereo spectra reproducible with self-consistent OG model

## A possible explanation for a VHE tail (II)

Alternative explanation by Aharonian et al. (Nature 482, 2012)

- VHE component resulting from the abrupt acceleration of a cold ultrarelativistic wind
  - Wind accelerated in a narrow zone (20-50 light-cylinder radii), up to a Lorentz factor of (0.5–1.0)·10<sup>6</sup>
  - IC  $\gamma$ -ray emission of the wind explains emission >100 GeV



# Summary

In the last years MAGIC contributed to the understanding of the gamma-ray emission of the Crab Pulsar

MAGIC detected the Crab pulsar in mono an stereo mode, and with different trigger schemes
Evaluates polar.

- First detection of Crab pulsar with a CT
- Both peaks visible & Cutoff higher than expected

The combination of mono and stereo observations allowed to obtain spectrum from 25 to 400 GeV
Points to IC

- First time phase resolved spectroscopy at VHE emission
- Spectra following a power law instead of exp. cutoff

Does other pulsar have a power-law tail?

Excludes polar cap model